

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CHARLES LINDBERGH

PART 1 OF 7

FILE NUMBER : 65-11449

Subject:

Charles Augustus Lindbergh

File No.

65-11449

870

New York City

September 16, 1939

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover,
Washington, D. C.

12

Dear Edgar:

Amelia

May I, please, direct your attention to the
text of Colonel Lindbergh's radio speech last night?

Best wishes,

He

dist. 10/2/39

*Text of his speech
attached AS*

1 ENCL. C

J mh

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

65-11449

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SEP 18 1939

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

HOLSON

*Robn/a/39 KRM
cc [unclear]*

Stay Out of Europe
Save Dollars

The words of the American people are being heard in London. The British people are being told that the destiny of this country does not call for our involvement in European wars.

We must band together to prevent the loss of more American lives in these internal struggles of Europe. We must keep foreign propaganda from pushing our country blindly into another war.

This country was colonized by men and women from Europe. In the process, the persecutions, the wars, the struggles they left behind gave them courage to cross the Atlantic Ocean to a new land. They preferred the wilderness and the Indians to the problems of Europe.

Washington has always been ahead of us more clearly than George Washington. He repeatedly warned the people of America against becoming entangled in European alliances.

Now that war has broken out again, we in America have a duty to make us which the destiny of our Nation depends. We must decide whether or not we intend to become forever involved in this age-old struggle between the nations of Europe.

James Watson of New York

In making our decision, this point should be clear: There were no Europe are not wars in which our civilization is defending itself against some Asiatic intruder.

Arbitrary boundaries are only maintained by strength of arms. The Treaty of Versailles had to be rejected as they passed on England and France to be successful, but to keep Germany weak by them.

...the American people are being told that the destiny of this country does not call for our involvement in European wars. We must band together to prevent the loss of more American lives in these internal struggles of Europe.

65-11449-X

SEP 16 1939
WASH POST

ed, them to the center of Europe, we might as well extend them around the earth. An ocean is a formidable barrier, even for modern aircraft.

Our safety does not lie in fighting European wars. It lies in our own internal strength, in the character of the American people and of American institutions. As long as we maintain an Army, a Navy, and an air force worthy of the name, as long as America does not decay within, we need fear no invasion of this country.

Again, I address those among you who agree with this stand. Our future and our children's future depends upon the action we take. It is essential to think clearly and to act quickly in the days which are to come. We will be deluged with propaganda, both foreign and domestic—some obvious, some insidious. Much of our news is already colored. Every incident and every accident will be seized upon to influence us. And in a modern war there are bound to be plenty of both. We must learn to look behind every article we read and every speech we hear. We must not only inquire about the writer and the speaker—about his personal interests and his nationality—but we must ask who owns and who influences the newspaper, the news picture, and the radio station. If our people know the truth, if they are fully and accurately informed, if they are not misled by propaganda, this coun-

try is not likely to enter the war now going on in Europe.

Challenge to America

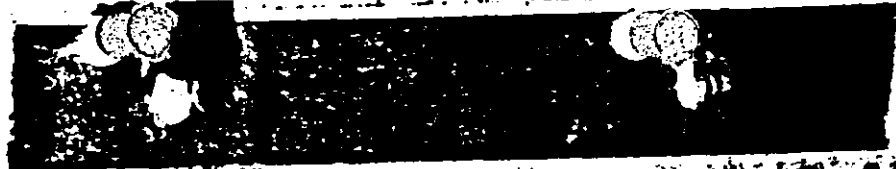
And if Europe is again prostrated by war, as she has been so often in the past, then the greatest hope for our western civilization lies in America. By staying out of war ourselves, we may even bring peace to Europe more quickly. Let us look to our own defenses and to our own character. If we attend to them, we have no need to fear what happens elsewhere. If we do not attend to them, nothing can save us.

If war brings more Dark Ages to Europe, we can better preserve those things which we love and which we mourn the passing of in Europe today by preserving them here, by strengthening them here, rather than by hurrying ourselves thoughtlessly to their defense over there and thus destroying all in the configuration. The German genius for science and organization, the English genius for government and commerce, the French genius for living and the understanding of life—they must not go down here as well as on the other side. Here in America they can be blended to form the greatest genius of all.

The gift of civilized life must still be carried on. It is more important than the sympathies, the friendships, the desires of any single generation. This is the test before America now. This is the challenge—to carry on Western civilization.

RECORDED

INDEXED



-11449-X-

MEM:EK

October 2, 1939

[Redacted]

B7C

New York, New York

Dear Elton

I desire to thank you for your communication of September 16, 1939, and the enclosure attached thereto.

Please be advised that the information submitted by you will be made a matter of official record for such attention as may appear appropriate in the future.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover

cc - New York City

- Mr. Tolson _____
- Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
- Mr. Clegg _____
- Mr. Glavin _____
- Mr. Ladd _____
- Mr. Nichols _____
- Mr. Rosen _____
- Mr. Tracy _____
- Mr. Carson _____
- Mr. Coffey _____
- Mr. Hendon _____
- Mr. Jones _____
- Mr. Quinn _____
- Mr. Nease _____
- Miss Gandy _____

mh

Φ

RECEIVED - DIRECTOR
OCT 11 1939

Handwritten initials and scribbles at the bottom right of the page.

Chas. Lindbergh, Jr.

April 11, 1939
65-11449-X

RECORDED
INDEXED

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
APR 12 1939
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Hoover: — ONE

Is it not possible
for the U. S. to guard
Lindbergh from cranks in
this country as the police in
England and France do?
After reading the article
in Life about him, I felt
very sorry that our police cannot
62 N-5 / No prior covers 4/14/39 — Act 4/17/39 MDU

... should be allowed the privacy
& safety to get into other
countries
Yours truly



B7C

DEPT. OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535
MAY 12 1964
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NDV:JMU

April 17, 1939

62-53576-2

RECORDED

65-11449-X

INDEXED

[Redacted]

Newark, New Jersey

B7C

Dear [Redacted]

In the absence of Mr. Hoover I wish to acknowledge your letter of April 11, 1939, and in reply it should be pointed out that there is no provision whereby the Federal Bureau of Investigation could maintain a protective service such as you mention in your letter.

However, your suggestion is appreciated.

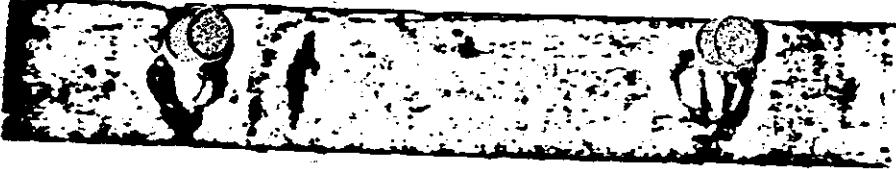
Sincerely yours,
For the Director

Clyde Tolson
Assistant Director

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. Nathan
- Mr. E. A. Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Coffey
- Mr. Crowl
- Mr. Egan
- Mr. Foxworth
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Harbo
- Mr. Lester
- Mr. McIntire
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Quinn Tamm
- Mr. Tracy
- Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
 MAILED
 ★ APR 17 1939 ★
 P. M.
 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

207



111
4

Investigative Summary

Sep 21/33

Col. Lindbergh could be
well watched & his mail
to important persons in
Europe. He might be
taking our measure.

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

65-11449-X1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SEP 25 1933

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

INDEXED
EX-107

F

Oklahoma City--May 20, 1940

GOEBBELS CANDIDATE SPEAKS

p Just having listened to Charles Lindbergh's talk over the air and contrasting it with one heard a few hours earlier from London by Winston Churchill-- makes every True American squirm--that anyone as traitorous to every American ideal has the effrontery to speak to our people as an American--Lindbergh's speech should well win the p laudits of Goebbels--

a The danger lies in the importance behind the name he once made famous as an outstanding American here-- Since then however--perhaps through great personal tragedy and frustration--he has given evidence of a warped and perverted mentality in many utterances--to the extreme that he should bear watching-- and places him in the category of Coughlin, Mosley and their ilk--

One thing occurs to me--above all else--he must be kept away from our air industry as I fear his influence might prove calamitous--

The home of Lindbergh's forbears has recently been mercilessly ravaged--yet he stands up and declares it matters not whether savagery or civilization is victorious--

At a critical time such as this--I feel he definitely has proven himself unworthy of the publicity and prominence he once was entitled to--



B7C

*Ridd 4/15/40
DMM*

RECORDED & INDEXED

65-51149

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 23 1940

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

May 21, 1947

Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington,
D.C.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy

Gentlemen:-

I am writing to you and hope that you will turn this over to the proper party if it is not in your power to do something.

Why doesn't the Government immediately answer that crazy tirade of Lindberg's? Why let his ideas directly against the policy of the U.S.A. stay in people's minds! A speaker answering him and showing him up should be on the radio - and soon! What difference, he says, does it make who wins the war, - what difference! Would he like to be told what stations he could listen to on his radio what papers he would be allowed to read, and to feel the Gestapo would "get" you - and they do - if you dared say Germany wasn't right in this or that! Would he like that - he can criticize this Government publicly because it is the U.S.A. - our way of living - and I could go on indefinitely.

Please, please get after these complacent ignorant Americans - don't make it permissible for their ideas to get around. Squeech, contradict, show them up on the RADIO. You'd be surprised how many people listen to the radio and only glance at their papers.

RECORDED & INDEXED 65-11449-2

And at a time like this when our country is getting ready to defend herself against the invaders, one of which is Germany, a celebration is held in North Bergen, N.J. in honor of Hitler and his bloody triumphs. We have a right to prevent these things. Send all Hitler lovers back to Germany - live under Hitler if they love him so much. No they make their living here in easy going, generous America and laugh at her easiness.

I love my country that is why I am so disturbed. Do something about it.

KRM:RM
61-7560-6203

May 28, 1940

RECORDED

65-11449-2

[Redacted]

New York, New York

B7C

Dear [Redacted]

I desire to thank you for the observations contained in your letter of May 21, 1940.

You may be assured that the information you have submitted will be made a matter of official record for such attention as may appear appropriate in the future.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Nathan	
Mr. E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Miss Gandy	

RECORDS SECTION
 MAILED
 MAY 28 1940 ★
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

[Handwritten initials/signature]

Richmond Va
May 23, 1940

69

Mr. Franklin D. Roosevelt
President of The United States
Washington DC.

a.k 6-20-4.

Dear Sir -

JAC

In this grave hour may I
voice my fear and suspicion of one of
our most prominent and honored men?

Do not trust col. Charles A. Suedbergh.
I am sure France, Holland, Belgium
and Norway have been shocked and
horified when the fifth column
members were known. I am today,
at my own conviction that Suedbergh
is a Nazi. His speeches, at this time,
in the face of developments, are seditious.
That he dares tell us we are in no
danger, not to hurry. God grant that
we have time to create any defenses.

RECORDED & INDEXED

65-11449-2X

Suedbergh, his very name is

German, his mother has nothing
do with him, he suffered cruelly
from a German's foul deed, yet he

27 1940
JAC
PVE

Could disregard and disown the people who loved and sympathized with him, he went to Germany and Russia, he had inside knowledge of this invincible war machine they were creating. He was decorated and honored by Hitler, he is the friend of Hitler and Goering. When he stayed in France and England. He accepted the hospitality, confidence and favors of those two friendly nations. But he did not warn them. When he knew the hour was near for their ruin, he came back here, so his carcass would be in no danger from a stray bomb. Now he warns us, not to hurry. It is well known he wants to be President but hasn't a chance. He is too unpopular. But I sincerely believe he has an understanding with Hitler, that for his Fifth Column activities here, he will be made president or Dictator or at least the American Goering.


I have always admired your acts, speeches. I agree entirely with every

thing you have done. I thank you
heartily for your recent attitude. May it
grow rapidly stronger. God knows war
is frightful, but as Bishop Cannon
whom we never liked before, said
recently, other things are worse. I
wish we could have helped England
and France sooner, that we had
declared war September first 1937.
and - have one beautiful, brave
son, twenty three years old, too. I
will give him gladly, and he is quite
willing to go, if you think it will
help.

Please sir, watch Lindbergh.

If you haven't time to read all
this, - hope it will be turned over
to your noble and splendid wife,
that woman who is what all American
women should strive to be.

Respectfully and sincerely



B7C

JAC:AB

June 22, 1940

X RECORDED

65-11449-2X

[REDACTED]

Richmond, Virginia

B7C

Dear [REDACTED]

Your letter dated May 22, 1940, addressed to the President has been referred to this Bureau for my information. Please be advised that the contents contained therein have been noted and are being incorporated in the official files of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

The interest which prompted you in bringing this matter to the attention of the Government is sincerely appreciated.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

- Mr. Tolson _____
- Mr. Clegg _____
- Mr. Glavin _____
- Mr. Ladd _____
- Mr. Nichols _____
- Mr. Rosen _____
- Mr. Tracy _____
- Mr. Carson _____
- Mr. Egan _____
- Mr. Gurnea _____
- Mr. Hendon _____
- Mr. Pennington _____
- Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
- Mr. Nease _____
- Miss Gandy _____

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
 MAILED
 JUN 22 1940
 P. M.
 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION,
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[Handwritten initials]

COUNTY OF CUYAHOGA

CLEVELAND, OHIO

THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

May 23rd, 1940.

DTX

The President,
Washington, D. C.

W. F. M. Quaid

The time comes when certain statements, predictions and loud mouthed talk forces one to give vent to his feelings and that time has arrived in my life and I am not in the least reluctant to take the liberty of expressing myself or thinking out loud to you.

When a man like Lindberga goes on the air, and because of his previously well earned and tremendous amount of favorable publicity, but without knowing anything at all about foreign affairs, takes it upon himself to tell this country what they should do or what they should not do, then, for one, I feel the time has come when he, and or his associates, the people that prepared his speech, should have their every action and expression scrutinized in a very serious and most critical searchlight fashion.

I fail to see the least sign of hysteria in anything that has been said or done by those clothed with authority so to speak.

Surely with all that has gone before, and that is now transpiring in Europe, we should not have a single person that considers himself or herself a true American but that would be at least minded along the lines of present day governmental suggestion and I hope wholehearted and most serious recommendations.

RECORDED & INDEXED 65-11449-

I feel very strongly that the time has now come when we should make certain once and for all that the peoples in this country are the kind of Americans that are waiting for the word to be said that would cause them to give of everything they have; if need be, in order that we may be fully and completely prepared to defend our fine, God loving peoples.

Needless for me, nor would I even think of trying to tell you or your advisors one single thing, and that is not my idea or thinking in connection with this dissertation, but I had to clear my mind and my thinking and my heart and my soul, and I have laid it wide open on the table, and if the time comes that I can be used to help

The President.

May 23rd, 1940.

build up and solidify our foundations, I shall be only too glad so to do. May I suffer repetition in order to say that I am most confident that within our own borders we have an increasing number of peoples that should be very thoroughly investigated from the standpoint of their loyalty to the Stars and Stripes, and I think this is just as important a job as that of getting ready in anticipation of Hitler world domination. I am

Most genuinely and sincerely,

CAD:t

B7C



GND:ECR

July 2, 1940

RECORDED

65-11449-2X1

[REDACTED]
Cleveland, Ohio

B7C

Dear [REDACTED]

Your letter dated May 23, 1940, addressed to the President, has been referred to this Bureau for my information.

Please be advised that your comments and suggestions concerning Fifth Column activities have been carefully noted and are being incorporated in the official files of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

The interest which prompted you in bringing this matter to the attention of the Government is sincerely appreciated.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

cc Cleveland

- Mr. Tolson _____
- Mr. Clegg _____
- Mr. Glavin _____
- Mr. Ladd _____
- Mr. Nichols _____
- Mr. Rosen _____
- Mr. Tracy _____
- Mr. Carson _____
- Mr. Egan _____
- Mr. Gurnea _____
- Mr. Hendon _____
- Mr. Pennington _____
- Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
- Mr. Nease _____
- Miss Gandy _____

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
 MAILED
 JUL 3 1940
 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

JUL 2 1940
 [Handwritten signatures and initials]

New Orleans, La.,
May 23, 1940.

B7C

Franklin D. Roosevelt, The President of the United States,
White House,
Washington, D.C.

Mr President:

The utterly preposterous and fantastic is the rule. We are living in monstrous times: It would not be at all surprising to find in Colonel Lindbergh, "the Nazi pet", a potential leader of a potentially victorious fifth column in this country. It does not particularly matter whether, at the moment, he is altogether aware of this trend in his own mind or not. The effect of this trend is giving and would give aid and comfort to the Nazi state... I recall that Colonel Lindbergh was by no means loath to receive a decoration from Hitler.

.....

Planes, planes, and more planes is our cry. The United States' capacity to turn them out in great numbers may well be the determining factor in turning the tide, of European affairs, toward victory for the Allies, our virtual Allies.

I have read Walter Lippmann's "Time to Arm", May 20th. For many months, these articles by Walter Lippmann have been nothing short of prophetic. His is a voice crying in the wilderness. Let us trust that his crying will not be in vain.

RECORDED & INDEXED

We are deeply grateful to you for your profoundly stirring and thoughtful address on national defense... May God bless you and vouchsafe to you the wisdom and the strength so to lead us that the power and material resources of this great Republic will be mobilized to protect and preserve freedom, justice, and decency on this earth.

65-11449-
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 24 1940
FIVE

Respectfully

B7C

[Redacted signature block]

JULY 9, 1940

58834

RECORDED

AHB:MLC

65-11449-2X2

[Redacted]
New Orleans, Louisiana

BK

Dear [Redacted]

By reference from the White House, I have your recent letter expressing your views concerning the present national emergency.

You may be assured the contents of your letter will be given careful attention and your thoughtfulness in furnishing your views is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

- Mr. Tolson _____
- Mr. Nathan _____
- Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
- Mr. Clegg _____
- Mr. Ladd _____
- Mr. Egan _____
- Mr. Glavin _____
- Mr. Nichols _____
- Mr. Rosen _____
- Mr. Tracy _____
- Miss Gandy _____

RECEIVED
 JUL 10 1940
 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

MLC

*Rec'd 7/11/40
JFR*

65-11449-3
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
5 MAY 29 1940
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

After 8 days, return to

[REDACTED]

ELMO, TEXAS.

B7C

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Personal

*I ENCL. J
AC/2*



Heil Lindbergh

A Nazi Decoration

Well Done

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

JFP:DC

July 11, 1940

~~62-7560-6211~~

65-11449-3

[Redacted]

BX

Troup, Texas

Gentlemen:

I wish to acknowledge receipt of the newspaper clipping furnished by you which was received by this Bureau on May 29, 1940.

Your courtesy and interest in bringing this information to my attention are indeed appreciated. You may be assured the clipping is being made a matter of official record for appropriate attention.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

- Tolson _____
- Nathan _____
- E. A. Tamm _____
- Clegg _____
- Ladd _____
- Pennington _____
- Coffey _____
- Egan _____
- Glavin _____
- Harbo _____
- Jordan _____
- Malone _____
- Nichols _____
- Pennington _____
- Rosen _____
- Quinn Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Files _____
- S. Files _____
- Room _____
- Tracy _____
- Gandy _____

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
 MAILED
 JUL 11 1940
 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

COMMUNICATION
KEEP ENVELOPE ATTACHED

... of people I meet
think that the fellow
that made the solo
flight across the Atlantic
will be the
Dr. J. Fogain whom
this country gets
into trouble with
Germany *

RECORDED
INDEXED

A.G.W.

65-11449-4

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

5 MAY 28 1940

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

ONE

War Might Cost Million Men Under a Day

Speech by Gen. Charles A. Lindbergh
at the War Department
on the subject of the
United States' participation
in the European war.

Gen. Charles A. Lindbergh, last night, speaking to a gathering of about 100,000 people in the War Department, warned that participation might cost "several million men—the best of American youth."

"If we enter fighting for democracy abroad," he declared, "we may find by losing it here."

Speaking over an entire million-wide network from a hotel room, with only a few private guests, the Gen. delivered one of the exceedingly rare public addresses on "America and European War."

Thus he followed in the footsteps of his father, Charles Augustus Lindbergh, Jr., who as a member of Congress vigorously opposed United States entrance into the World War, and on September 3, 1918.

Gen. Lindbergh made no direct reference to the pending struggle for revision of the neutrality law general idea of American participation in all countries.

But he made no reference about cost of entering this war," he said, "conditions that will not change. We cannot permit an

any money by shipping abroad our national airplanes and our

We are likely to lose 2 million

of our youth.

It is not possible to

to the United States.

and the world.

and the world.

and the world.

...the world...
...the world...
...the world...

If we enter the general...
during the war, we must be
them in general peace as well.
It is madness to send our soldiers
to fight in the old in the field
if we want the cause of peace
to the world, the best and the
alliance of European nations.

At the War Department, where
Lindbergh has just concluded a tour
of duty as a reserve officer, it was
said officials had known nothing of
his intention to make a speech until
it was announced by the broadcast-
ing companies.

Elsewhere it was said the address
was the outgrowth of suggestions at
a private dinner attended by Lind-
bergh some time ago.

After the address, Gen. Lindbergh
walked from the hotel
to a nearby radio station to hear a
recapitulation of his talk.

Before the broadcast, he talked
to the radio technicians about how
the portable apparatus operated.

While making the address, the
Gen. stood on the speaker's stand with
both arms, gripping the micro-
phone with both hands, standing ap-
proximately at the level of the
microphone.

FT MYERS, FLORIDA

May 27/39

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C. 65-11449-5

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVEST.

MAY 27 1939

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

ONE

an enclosing newspaper clipping
for your consideration which
explains its self. taking the
position of imbigt statements now
going in the news press is
dangerous, having its effects
upon the public who has
confidence in his ability
for sound advice, I am
inclined to believe now is
the time to put a check on
this Propaganda before it
has its desired effect
Yours Respectfully

B7C

[Redacted signature area]

H. Myers

JEP:MP

July 10, 1940

770031777 62-7540-6822

65-11449-5

[REDACTED]

Ft. Myers, Florida

BK

Dear [REDACTED]

I wish to acknowledge your letter received in this Bureau on May 29, 1940, and the enclosure thereto.

Your courtesy and interest in bringing this information to my attention are indeed appreciated. You may be assured your letter is being made a matter of official record for appropriate attention.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

- Mr. Tolson _____
- Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
- Mr. Clegg _____
- Mr. Ladd _____
- Mr. Foxworth _____
- Mr. Coffey _____
- Mr. Egan _____
- Mr. Glavin _____
- Mr. Harbo _____
- Mr. Hendon _____
- Mr. Nichols _____
- Mr. Pennington _____
- Mr. Rosen _____
- Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
- Mr. Nease _____
- Mr. Tracy _____
- Miss Gandy _____

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
 MAILED
 ☆ JUL 11 1940 ☆
 P. M.
 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION,
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Honorable Franklin D. Roosevelt,
White House,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. President:

The writer is somewhat irked by the naive printing of the youngish
Colonel Lindbergh -

RECORDED
&
INDEXED
65-11449-6

It would seem that in such perilous times, his opinions and utterances constitute a menace when the same are printed and sent forth over the air and in the newspapers for impressionable Americans to read, and be guided accordingly. Why, at least, is not some fitting muzzle clamped upon this diplomatic "squirt" who was evidently wine and dined by Messrs. Goering, Hitler, et al. in Berlin to the extent that he lost all allegiance to his own country? After all, the Colonel is a youngish person and entirely lacking in diplomatic background and training - a clever young man in his line, but a jumping jackass and dangerous person when allowed to pass upon anything else in which he has no concern. This fact, however, does not preclude him from influencing many otherwise patriotic Americans who just can't forget his lone flight to Europe - they still look up to him and shut out from view the beginnings of "Benedict Arnold" traits.

While the Department of Justice is not on everybody's trail these days, why don't they delve into the REAL REASONS for "Lindy's" obviously pro-German, Nazi leanings? If, as he seems to be, he is sincere

...s lack of loyalty to this country, WHAT was the cause of it? He is
virtue of his position and knowledge, in a place to do the United
States great harm - what ground is there for the argument that he would
not sell us out?

Such suspicions are not very nice, but nevertheless we have seen instances
of treachery before, and the Colonel is, it seems, very contemptuous
and sneering of his country's ability - just because he is highly placed
and an American citizen and married to an Ambassador's daughter does not
guarantee that he will not eventually turn traitor, or that he is not
a potential chief of the fifth column! He hasn't been the same since
he was entertained and impressed by Nazi Germany - they were pretty foxy,
weren't they, when they cunningly captured the loyalty and affection of
the young American aviator, whose words are literally soaked up by the
youth of the U. S., and whose opinions are, in spite of his years, respected
by sane citizenry! Verily, Berling could have no more astute Ambassador
Colonel Lindbergh - thus far, he has obeyed his instructions to the
letter - and what's more he is defiant and disdainful of anybody to stop
him. He preaches the "hands-off" doctrine, doesn't he? Well, what will
be the ultimate result of an Allied defeat? Something worse than the
1939 panic! The United Kingdom markets will vanish, our foreign trade
strangled, and our gold market ruined - Hitler will dictate these policies
and strangle the country like he did Czecho-Slovakia - then, with want
and poverty harrassing the citizens, the army of spies will divide the
country into sections after first rendering the Panama Canal impotent.

a bright scene to contemplate, but it is harsh reality - and this young punk of a Lindbergh to blossom forth with utter drivel and irrelevant advice, calculated to impress the ignorant and appeal to the uneducated.

Why does not the FBI "tail" the Colonel and ascertain truly what the bird is up to? There must be some reason for his leanings - was he promised a realm of his own over here, or more iron crosses and decorations from the most brutal, fiendish, treacherous race of people whom God in one of his dishmop moods had the misfortune to create?

Anyhow, even though this note is tossed out the window - please don't make the American gentry over-nervous by placing the Colonel in a supreme position where he could wreck havoc with too much power - we wouldn't feel exactly easy if he were chief of the Air Defense or something - we would feel that he would, like an unscrupulous attorney, "sell us out" - he has definitely gone on record publicly and otherwise, as an ally and protege of Hitler's something for Messrs. Hitler, Goering,

et al. to gloat over. Give him a high-sounding title but keep him definitely out!

Thank you.

Copy-do

Detroit, Michigan
June 14, 1940

Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

On June 13, 1940, Special Agent Francis P. Parker received a telephone call from one, FREDERIC SNYDER, who stated that he was a news commentator presently in Detroit to fulfill a speaking engagement and that he would like to speak to an Agent in this office. Mr. SNYDER further informed Agent Parker that he would call at the Detroit Office on this date. Accordingly, Mr. SNYDER came to the Bureau Field Office and advised that he was a world traveler raconteur and news commentator. Mr. SNYDER stated that he has travelled between this country and Europe for many years and that he has some reputation as an international lecturer and traveler. Mr. SNYDER offered the writer a handbill, which handbill states that Mr. SNYDER is the only man to twice be voted the most popular speaker at the Toledo Town Hall. This handbill stated that among the competition are ELSA MAXWELL, CLINTON FADINER, H. R. KNICKERBOCKER, CARL SANDBURG, CALLETON BEALS, JAN M. BRYE, THOMAS MONT, RANER OF SARANAK, JOHN MASON BROWN, DR. LOUIS BERG and JAMES THOMAS WILLIAMS.

RECORDED & INDEXED

65-11449-7

Mr. SNYDER further informed the writer that in 1934 he, SNYDER, had been responsible for Count CLARENCE VON ROSEN of Sweden and a member of the Royal House of Sweden, coming to the United States to exhibit some horses in the horse show at Madison Square Garden. SNYDER stated that he had been responsible for this trip and that he had completely planned the Count's itinerary while the Count was in the United States.

SNYDER stated that at that time the Count became acquainted in New York City with one, HAROLD VAN CLEEVAN and that he had subsequently introduced SNYDER to HAROLD VAN CLEEVAN. SNYDER stated he had dinner with Van CLEEVAN on a few occasions and that he subsequently learned that VAN CLEEVAN was residing in Tampa, Florida. After an exchange of dinners and a letter between he and VAN CLEEVAN, VAN CLEEVAN finally came to New York City and made arrangements with Mr. SNYDER to meet some friends and at a dinner at the HOTEL PENNSYLVANIA he introduced SNYDER to three very military appearing German men whose names SNYDER cannot remember. However, at this time VAN CLEEVAN made an appointment with SNYDER the following day for lunch at HOTEL GOVERNOR CLINTON and upon arriving at this hotel to fulfill the luncheon engagement, SNYDER was introduced by VAN CLEEVAN to Dr. ROSENBERG, founder of the new religion in Germany, and one of the founders of the Nazi Party.

June 14, 1940

VAN CLEEVAN informed SNYDER that Dr. ROSENBERG was in this country on personal matters and was not using his own name and that he wished SNYDER to keep this meeting in confidence. At the time of this meeting, VAN CLEEVAN talked of many things to SNYDER and informed him that he and the three Germans he had met the previous day were in Tampa Florida developing an oil well as this was very productive oil country. SNYDER stated he laughed at VAN CLEEVAN for this statement and informed him that if there was any oil in Florida Sinclair would have gotten it long ago.

At this point VAN CLEEVAN informed SNYDER that oil was only secondary and that they were primarily interested in chemicals and they had erected a chemical plant at this place and that it was large enough to be productive and that some day America would hear of it.

DR. ROSENBERG took very little active part in this conversation but at the conclusion of it inquired as to the feeling of America toward Hitler. SNYDER stated that he informed Dr. ROSENBERG in a most vehement fashion that America and Americans did not approve of HITLER and his tactics. He stated that he and ROSENBERG argued this point for quite a time and that finally ROSENBERG asked him for some suggestions toward building a friendly spirit between the two nations. SNYDER stated that he informed ROSENBERG Germany should dwell on the tourist angle. SNYDER stated that even the advertisements for the Hamburg-American Line which he knew Germany owned could be made more attractive and original by a German script. SNYDER states that it is an odd coincidence to note that eleven days following this conversation that the Hamburg-American Line's advertisements appeared in script. A short time later he met Dr. ROSENBERG and he asked him if he had noted this and thanked him for his suggestion.

SNYDER described VAN CLEEVAN as follows:

AGE:	about 40 years in 1934
HEIGHT:	About 6 feet
WEIGHT:	About 185 pounds.
BUILD:	Very erect and muscular
ACCENT:	Very heavy Dutch

SNYDER states that he was informed by VAN CLEEVAN that a Mr. SCHULTZ of the Hamburg-American Line of New York was taking care of DR. ROSENBERG while he was in the United States and that SCHULTZ was considered to be an important figure of the German government.

SNYDER stated VAN CLEEVAN maintained an office at 25 Broad Street, New York City during 1934 but that he is unaware as to the nature of this office.

SNYDER offered the writer a letter written by VAN CLEEVAN to SNYDER in 1934 which letter mentions a young German engineer who was a friend of SNYDER's. SNYDER states that he had mentioned this engineer to VAN CLEEVAN on several occasions and that he is merely a boy living in California who is very clever in exploiting patents and to his knowledge he has never succeeded in meeting VAN CLEEVAN. This letter is being forwarded to the Bureau for examination by the Laboratory to cor-

June 14, 1940

pare it with the handwriting specimens of known espionage agents operating in the United States. It is respectfully requested that this letter be forwarded to Mr. SNYDER at his Kingston, New York address following completion of this examination.

It may be explained here that VAN CLEEVAN's purpose in contacting SNYDER so frequently was defined by SNYDER as being an attempt to help him, SNYDER, secure capital through American contacts of his to exploit the oil and chemical company in Tampa, Florida.

It may be noted here SNYDER informed the writer that he is no longer in contact with the above mentioned persons and is not sure as to the present actual location of Mrs. BODENSCHATZ, DR. HANS SCHLERER or HAROLD VAN CLEEVAN. Mr. SNYDER said he was not informed as to whether these parties were presently in the United States or Germany.

Mr. SNYDER further informed the writer that he has been in Germany on many occasions and had always been a strong friend of Dr. HAERTL with whom he stayed at his home in Badkissingen, Germany. SNYDER states, while at Dr. HAERTL's home, he witnessed several Storm Trooper raids which were extremely repulsive and that on several occasions he has seen Storm Troopers kick citizens in the stomach until the blood ran out their trousers legs. SNYDER stated that on one occasion while he was in Germany with H.R. KNICKERBOCKER, it became so repugnant to watch these onslaughts that it became necessary for him to stop up his ears with pillows to drown out the screams. Mr. SNYDER informed the writer that on this occasion he found himself with only one alternative and that was to drink himself into unconsciousness to avoid witnessing the sights he

Mr. SNYDER stated further regarding CHARLES A. LINDBERGH and that on one occasion he saw CHARLES A. LINDBERGH ride through the streets of Berlin while a storm troop raid was in progress and that LINDBERGH was riding in an open car with a parade of these soldiers and that people were being beaten in the streets and houses set fire to and indescribable tortures taking place, and during the entire episode, LINDBERGH, known to SNYDER, described as a grinning jackanapes, rode through the streets in the open car waving to people on the sidewalks.

In regards to the actions of LINDBERGH while in Europe, SNYDER informed the writer that LINDBERGH had been expelled from several English clubs inasmuch as the English could not stand his running down the United States and did not care to associate with him in a social way. It might be noted here that SNYDER informed the writer that he believes LINDBERGH to be a tool of foreign agencies insofar as the statements to the press are too nicely timed for one of LINDBERGH's limited intelligence. SNYDER further states that recently while in a London club, he became engaged in a heated argument with LINDBERGH due to the fact that LINDBERGH had been denouncing President ROOSEVELT and had been haranguing club members on the subject of America being a land of gangsters and thieves and cut throats. SNYDER stated that the alleged shy and reticent mood of LINDBERGH had apparently been lost after his arrival in Europe as he had observed LINDBERGH to be very garrulous and sarcastic on the subject of the United States.

Director

-4-

June 14, 1940

Mr. SNYDER informed the writer that his home at 34 Lucas Avenue, Kingston, New York was open to this Bureau at any time and if, any time the Bureau should desire to go through his portfolios and letters pertaining to Europeans, both Germans and otherwise, with whom he has contact, he would be only too glad to co-operate and work with the agents. SNYDER stated that inasmuch as he is not familiar with espionage investigation, he cannot say definitely what he has that might interest the Bureau. He feels sure some of it might be interesting to this Bureau.

Very truly yours,

JOHN S. BUGAS
Special Agent in Charge

cc; Washington Field
New York
Miami

FPP:vbe
Enclosures

New York, N. Y.
June 11, 1940

Mr. Edger J. Hoover
Director of F. B. I.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

For the protection of the United States, every step that Col. Charles Lindbergh makes should be investigated thoroughly. He is the worst enemy that the United States can have, since he is on Germany's side. Most of his property is in Germany. He translates all plans of defense made by the United States to German and then they are sent to Germany. This is according to what I heard from a German man.

RECORDED
INDEXED

65-11449-8
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
JUN 15 1940
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Copy - dc

[REDACTED]
Bronx, New York

B7C

June 12, 1940

To J. Edgar Hoover

Dear Sir:

In my realization of quick thinking though as well as act, may I request that you quickly investigate the German Consulate.

Recent information to my own enlightenment - has convinced me that the German Consulate is a hot-bed of espionage - fifth column activities and sabotage to take place.

May I also suggest that Col. Chas. A. Lindbergh - a protege of Adolf Hitler.

In these so uncertain days when events move so fast, please investigate these claims, with a view to check and oust these subversive elements in this our country - our true and real Democracy - in fact the only Democracy in this world.

I - on the other hand - am very interested to help - to do my bit as a human being - an American - and a faithful believer in our own Democratic Government.

Fear - less it relinquish some of its ideals - prompt me to write to you.

I trust you will find favor with me and trust my sincerely - if and when we ever meet - much to my satisfaction.

Sincerely yours,

[REDACTED]

B7C

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

65-11449-9

JUN 19 1940

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

ORIGINAL FILED IN

NDS:ECR
65-290410

July 15, 1940

RECORDED

65-11449-9

[REDACTED]
Bronx, New York

BK

Dear [REDACTED]

I wish to acknowledge receipt of your letter dated June 12, 1940 and to express appreciation for the interest you have displayed.

You may be assured the content of your communication has been noted and will be given appropriate attention.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

cc New York - with copies of incoming letter

ORIGINAL FILED IN 65-290410-10

[Vertical list of lines, possibly a filing stamp or index]

SOUTH PO... AND, ...

BK June 15, 1940

F. B. I.
Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:

It would seem to me that the address delivered from the Washington Station of N. B. C. tonight should be investigated. Who sponsored it?

Mr. Lindberg could have done no better for Herr Hitler and coincided with his methods had he been a son of Germany.

Yours Truly

[Redacted signature]

BK

RECORDED & INDEXED

65-11449-10

65-11449-10
48

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
JUN 18 1940
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FJS:EO
65-11449-10

July 18, 1940

RECORDED

[REDACTED]

South Portland, Maine

B7C

Dear [REDACTED]

I wish to acknowledge your letter dated June 15, 1940, and to express appreciation for the interest you have displayed.

With reference to the inquiry contained in your communication, please be advised that this Bureau has no information concerning the subject matter thereof.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

- Mr. Tolson _____
- Mr. Clegg _____
- Mr. Glavin _____
- Mr. Ladd _____
- Mr. Nichols _____
- Mr. Rosen _____
- Mr. Tracy _____
- Miss Gandy _____

RECORDED
INDEXED
JUL 19 1940
FBI - BOSTON

[Handwritten signature]

Los Angeles,
June 16th, 1940.

Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington,
D.C.

Gentlemen:

It seems very strange to me, to my friends, to thousands upon thousands of Americans, that when every effort is being made to suppress and stamp out Bundists, Communists, and all who would impede and obstruct the war-like preparations of our country, that Col. Charles Lindbergh should be permitted to come on the air and give aid and advice to such un-American activity.

Respectfully,



B7C

Los Angeles.

65-11449-11

RECORDED

NDW:ECR
65-11449-11

July 6, 1940

[REDACTED]
Los Angeles, California

B7C

Dear [REDACTED]

I wish to acknowledge receipt of your letter dated June 16, 1940 and to express appreciation for the interest you have displayed.

You may be assured the contents of your communication have been noted and made a matter of record.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover
Director

- Mr. Tolson _____
- Mr. Clegg _____
- Mr. Foxworth _____
- Mr. Ladd _____
- Mr. Nathan _____
- Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
- Mr. Egan _____
- Mr. Glavin _____
- Mr. Nichols _____
- Mr. Rosen _____
- Mr. Tracy _____
- Miss Gandy _____

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
 MAILED
 JUL 6 1940
 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Washington DC

Washington DC
June 140

Dear Sir

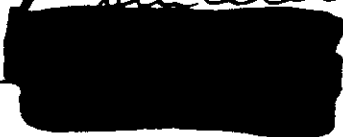
You have got the Detroit print
 Now another Louse starts
 The P. 133 use Limburgh with his line
 of prof. ...
 These articles are false like him
 Should be locked up
 There are some spies or snags in the grass
 Suspicion of the decoration of Colonel
 Put him off the air out of mail and send
 him to Guam island. 65-11449-12
 Some of the best citizens are against him
 A class pigeon and ... others
 To make trouble for the good people of this
 Republic
 Just a snout head trouble starter

Robert Kelley



B7C

To whom it may
concern! As an
American citizen
I protest Lindbergh's
political speeches
on the air. And
I suggest you
investigate his
connections in
this country. He
doesn't sound
like an American
to me - more like
a Nazi.

Sincerely


BK

65-11449-1
JUN 24 1940
FILED

Dear Sir

I sincerely trust that while you are investigating and rounding up 5th column suspects that you will not overlook C. H. Lindbergh, and Father Coughlin, Hitler's advance Agents #1 and #2 respectively. Their activities will bear close watch and present a real menace to the safety and security of our country. His spying activities in Europe for Hitler, and acceptance of Nazi Decorations, prove that he is unworthy of being trusted, and to have access to Governmental secrets of any kind.

RECORDED & INDEXED

65-11449-14

Well Wishes

Dear Sir:

June 16, 1940

In Holland, Belgium, and France - the Fifth Column has succeeded - due to the efforts of the Dutch, Belgian and French counter parts of Charles & Lindbergh. Has not a warrior by the Iron Cross - (which he has earned twice over) - a promulgator of Nazi doctrine, and a well-known hater of the United States, forfeited his right to free speech? Please investigate this enemy - who is probably a German agent - & protect us from his evil machinations.

[REDACTED]
N. Y. City.

B7C

RECORDED & INDEXED 65-11449

RECORDED AMT:ECR
65-1449-15

August 5, 1940

[Redacted]

New York, New York

B7C

Dear [Redacted]

I wish to acknowledge receipt of your postal card dated June 16, 1940, and signed by you and Mrs. Meyer.

It was indeed kind of you to bring this information to my attention, and your courtesy and interest in so doing are sincerely appreciated. Should you obtain any further information which you believe to be of interest to this Bureau, please feel free to communicate directly with Mr. E. E. Sackett, Special Agent in Charge, Federal Bureau of Investigation, United States Department of Justice, 607 U. S. Court House, Foley Square, New York, New York.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED
★ AUG 7 1940 ★
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[Vertical lines]

Handwritten signature

R.

[REDACTED]

New York, N.Y.
June 23, 1940

B

Franklin D. Roosevelt
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Your Excellency:

I enclose herewith a copy of READERS DIGEST (November 1939) containing the article "AVIATION, GEOGRAPHY, AND RACE" by Charles A. Lindbergh. This article, constructed on a framework of Nazi ideology, is studded with excerpts from Nazi and Fascist propaganda.

On page 66 Mr. Lindbergh says:

"But among nations themselves there is no similar provision to reward virility and penalize decay."

These words show a startling resemblance to recent Nazi and Fascist writings and utterances which stressed VIRILITY and VIRILE nations.

On the same page Lindbergh says:

and attached
"We, the heirs of European culture, are on the verge of a disastrous war, a war within our own family nations, a war which will reduce the strength and destroy the treasures of the White race, a war which may even lead to the end of our civilization..... It is time to turn from our quarrels and to build our White ramparts again."

This is the same Mr. Lindbergh who now calls for an end to "hysterical chatter of calamity and invasions." Could the recent successes of Hitler have lulled Mr. Lindbergh's fears of last November?

Further on (page 66) he says:

RECORDED & INDEXED 65-1144

"Our civilization depends on a united strength among ourselves; on a strength too great for foreign arms to challenge; which can hold back either a Genghis Khan or the infiltration of inferior blood."

This is not innuendo or harmless double-talk; it is pure and outright Nazi phraseology, - the basic scum of Nazi racial theories and propaganda. It is time for Mr. Lindbergh to come out from behind his mask, to explain his continuous employment of Nazi terminology.

I enclose a clipping from the June 20th edition of PM (local newspaper) to show that Lord Haw Haw, the Nazi propaganda broadcaster, warns the world that Germany will impose a peace that will forever prevent "outrages against the WHITE race"

The time has most certainly come for Lindbergh to explain continuous use of Nazi propaganda devices, - such phrases "White Race, White Ramparts, Infiltration of inferior blood"

He states that our salvation depends on "An English fleet, German air force, a French army, and American nation, stand together as guardians of our common heritage, sharing strength, dividing influence." Just how would Mr. Lindbergh bring about? Would he suggest "Under the direction of Hitler?"

Mr. Lindbergh advises in the concluding paragraph (page 67) "Let us not commit RACIAL suicide....." He continues with his pattern of Nazi phraseology.

Charles A. Lindbergh, the brave man who flew across the Atlantic does not have the courage to talk openly; to state to his countrymen just what he actually believes and wants to bring about.

Has he ever made any sort of derogatory statement concerning the Nazis? Does not his very silence along that line confirm the pattern of what he actually is? Did he not recently broadcast the statement that we can get along very well with whomever wins the war in Europe? Did he not make that statement when indications were that the Nazis would win in France?

In "Mein Kampf" Hitler declared that through the process of repetition he could foist any sort of propaganda on the masses of people. Here in our country an alarming number of people have fallen for the "Lindbergh Line." The time has come for spokesmen for true Americanism and Democracy to tell the truth about Mr. Lindbergh; to REPEAT IT, REPEAT IT, and REPEAT IT until all America has learned it and accepted it.

Mr. President, I protest against giving to Mr. Lindbergh a sort of responsibility or authority which can in any way influence our country's policies or welfare.

Yours respectfully

B7C

Readers Digest

PRICE 15 CENTS

The Men of the
Boy and Maria
Nazi Number One
A Life for
Every Man a Sherlock Holmes
Part Two of
Cavalier Geography
Panama's New Coast
Say It with a Smile
Dances
Where Are the Promises
The Phoenix
California
What to Care
Warms
The Love
Solving the
They Invented Their Own
Eyes That See



NOVEMBER 1939

Aviation, Geography, and Race

By

Charles A. Lindbergh

AVIATION has struck a delicately balanced world, a world where stability was already giving way to the pressure of new dynamic forces, a world dominated by a mechanical, materialistic, Western European civilization. Aviation is a product of that civilization, borne on the crest of its conquest, developed by its spirit of adventure, typical of its science, its industry, its outlook. Typical also of its strength and its weakness, its vanity and its self-destruction — man flung upward in the face of God, another Icarus to dominate the sky, and, in turn, to be dominated by it; for eventually the laws of nature determine the success of human effort and measure the value of human inventions in that divinely complicated, mathematically unpredictable, development of life at which Science has shied the name of Evolution.

Aviation seems almost a gift from heaven to those Western nations who were already the leaders of their era, strengthening their leadership, their confidence, their dominance over other peoples. It is a tool specially shaped for Western hands, a scientific art which others only copy in a mediocre fashion, another barrier between the teeming millions of Asia and the Grecian inheritance of Europe — one of

those priceless possessions which permit the White race to live at all in a pressing sea of Yellow, Black, and Brown.

But aviation, using it symbolically as well as in its own right, brings two great dangers, one peculiar to our modern civilization, the other older than history. Since aviation is dependent on the intricate organization of life and industry, it carries with it the environmental danger of a people too far separated from the soil and from the sea — the danger of that physical decline which so often goes with a high intellectual development, of that spiritual decline which seems invariably to accompany an industrial life, of that racial decline which follows physical and spiritual mediocrity.

A great industrial nation may conquer the world in the span of a single life, but its Achilles' heel is time. Its children, what of them? The second and third generations, of what numbers and stuff will they be? How long can men thrive between walls of brick, walking on asphalt pavements, breathing the fumes of coal and of oil, growing, working, dying, with hardly a thought of wind, and sky, and fields of grain, seeing only machine-made beauty, the mineral-like quality of life? This is our modern danger

one of the waxen wings of flight. It may cause our civilization to fall unless we act quickly to counteract it, unless we realize that human character is more important than efficiency, that education consists of more than the mere accumulation of knowledge.

But the other great danger is more easily recognized, because it has occurred again and again through history. It is the ember of war, fanned by every new military weapon, flaming today as it has never flamed before. It is the old internal struggle among a dominant people for power, blind, insatiable, suicidal. Western nations are again at war, a war likely to be more prostrating than any in the past, a war in which the White race is bound to lose, and the others bound to gain, a war which may easily lead our civilization through more Dark Ages if it survives at all.

In this war, aviation is as important a factor as it has been a cause — a cause due to its effect on the balance of strength between nations, a factor because of the destruction and death it hurls on earth and sea.

Air power is new to all our countries. It brings advantages to some and weakens others; it calls for readjustment everywhere. If only there were some way to measure the changing character of men, some yardstick to reapportion influence among the nations, some way to demonstrate in peace the

strength of arms in war. But with all of its dimensions, its clocks, and weights, and figures, Science fails us when we ask a measure for the rights of men. They cannot be judged by numbers, by distance, weight, or time; or by counting heads without a thought of what may lie within. Those intangible qualities of character, such as courage, faith, and skill, evade all systems, slip through the bars of every cage. They can be recognized, but not measured. They lie more in a glance between two men than in any formula of mathematics. They form the unseen strength of an army, the genius of a people.

Likewise, in judging aviation, in its effect on modern nations, no satisfactory measurement of strength exists. It is bound to geography, environment, and racial character so closely that an attempt to judge by numbers would be like counting Greeks at Marathon. Some men and some nations have grown wings. What advantage will they gain? What new influence can they exert? To judge this one must look not only at their aviation but at them, at the geography of their country, at their problems of existence, at their habits of life.

Mountains, coastlines, great distances, ground fortifications, all those safeguards of past generations, lose their old significance as man takes to his wings. The English Channel, the snow-capped Alps, the expanses of Russia, are now looked

on from a different height. The forces of Hannibal, Drake, and Napoleon moved at best with the horses' gallop or the speed of wind on sail. Now, aviation brings a new concept of time and distance to the affairs of men. It demands adaptability to change, places a premium on quickness of thought and speed of action.

Military strength has become more dynamic and less tangible. A new alignment of power has taken place, and there is no adequate peacetime measure for its effect on the influence of nations. There seems no way to agree on the rights it brings to some and takes from others. The rights of men within a nation are readjusted in each generation by laws of inheritance — land changes hands as decades pass, fortunes are taxed from one generation to the next, ownership is no more permanent than life. But among nations themselves there is no similar provision to reward virility and penalize decay, no way to reapportion the world's wealth as tides of human character ebb and flow — except by the strength of armies. In the last analysis, military strength is measurable only by its own expenditure, by the prostration of one contender while the other can still stagger on the field — and all about the wolves of lesser stature abide their time to spring on both the warriors.

We, the heirs of European culture, are on the verge of a disas-

trous war, a war within our own family of nations, a war which will reduce the strength and destroy the treasures of the White race, a war which may even lead to the end of our civilization. And while we stand poised for battle, Oriental guns are turning westward, Asia presses towards us on the Russian border, all foreign races stir restlessly. It is time to turn from our quarrels and to build our White ramparts again. This alliance with foreign races means nothing but death to us. It is our turn to guard our heritage from Mongol and Persian and Moor, before we become engulfed in a limitless foreign sea. Our civilization depends on a united strength among ourselves; on a strength too great for foreign armies to challenge; on a Western Wall of race and arms which can hold back either a Genghis Khan or the infiltration of inferior blood; on an English fleet, a German air force, a French army, an American nation, standing together as guardians of our common heritage, sharing strength, dividing influence.

Our civilization depends on peace among Western nations, and therefore on united strength, for Peace is a virgin who dare not show her face without Strength, her father, for protection. We can have peace and security only so long as we band together to preserve that most priceless possession, our inheritance of European blood, only so long as we guard ourselves against attack

by foreign armies and dilution by foreign races.

We need peace to let our best men live to work out those more subtle, but equally dangerous, problems brought by this new environment in which we dwell, to give us time to turn this materialistic trend, to stop prostrating ourselves before this modern Idol of mechanical ef-

ficiency, to find means of combining freedom, spirit, and beauty with industrial life — a peace which will bring character, strength, and security back to Western peoples.

With all the world around our borders, let us not commit racial suicide by internal conflict. We must learn from Athens and Sparta before all of Greece is lost.



That's Hollywood

By Peggy McEvoy

CLERSKINE JOHNSON reports in the *Los Angeles Examiner* on the movie mother who led her gangling daughter into a producer's office. The youngster was obviously too big for the part. The doting mother apologetically explained: "Of course she is a little large, we just haven't been able to keep her from growing. But," she added proudly, "we have been able to keep her *mind* back."

CFOLLOWING a slight quake the other night, Bert Lahr, comedian, complained: "My house is so shaky from earthquakes that every time a car rolls by outside the termites have to hold hands to keep the building from falling down!"

CFAMES THURBER, the *New Yorker* cartoonist, attended one of the town's super-colossal premières. When they were leaving the theater Thurber asked a writer friend what he thought of the picture.

"I thought it stank," replied the friend in no uncertain terms. "What did you think of it?"

"I can't say I liked it that well," drawled Thurber.

The Goldwyn Tongue

CFAT a producers' meeting in Hollywood, Samuel Goldwyn interrupted proceedings to say, "Gentlemen, for your information I would like to ask a question." — *Carolslade*

CGOLFING one day, Goldwyn stepped up to the tee, took one swing at the ball, and made a hole-in-one. He turned to the caddie and inquired earnestly, "What did I do that was right?" — J. P. McEvoy

MR. C. LINDBER 1
ENGLEWOOD - N. J.

64679

DEAR - SIR.

SELF-AGGRANDIZEMENT

HAD - F. B. I. AGENTS - ACCOMPANIED → YOU - INSTEAD - OF
JAFSSEE. WOULD YOU STILL HAVE \$50,000 THAT
'VER-VALL' WOULD YOU ALSO APPREHENDED
TAUPTMANN?

NEW-JERSEY-COST

WHO WAS FIRST - COL. SHARTSKOPF, F. B. I. AGENTS -
DOORE, COL. BRECKENRIDGE, ELLIS-PARKER + SON.
WHO WAS THE → ME - THAT PILED-UP-TERRIB
XPENSE - FOR - STATE - OF - NEW - JERSEY? WHO
PLEASE!

SHAME

WHY - DID - THIS - SAME → ME - SEEK - ANOTHER - HA
WHY - PLEASE?

SHELTERD

WHY - IS - THIS - COUNTRY - NOW - BEING - SERPEN
KE - STRUCK! WHY!

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

65-11449-1
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
JUN 2 1954
FBI

- THIS → ME - A - 5TH COLUMNIST
EGOTIST - OR - BOTH.

mark
6/12/54
L. J. ...
BPL



ANONYMOUS COMMENT
SEE ENVELOPE ATTACHED
RECORDED & INDEXED



15-1448-1074
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

The letter contains
 generally the
 United States
 leadership of our
 citizens please do not
 that character of
 talk all around the
 stuff about what
 friend titles a
 to try to do to
 lengthen the
 the United States
 program
 to try to do to
 lengthen the
 the United States
 program

Hints Lindbergh Supported by 5th Column

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Senator Key Pittman (D) of Nevada, chairman of the Senate foreign relations committee, today had suggested that Col. Charles A. Lindbergh might be backed "without his knowledge" by fifth columnists in his criticism of the administration.

Pittman, in a Sunday radio address answering Colonel Lindbergh's speech of Saturday night in which the flier declared this government could not long follow its present pro-Allied course without becoming involved in war with Germany, declared:

'EXPERT' PROPAGANDISTS

"The only possible justification for such a statement was his pronouncement that 'there are many perfectly sincere men and women who believe that we can send weapons to kill people in Europe without becoming involved with these people.'

"Colonel Lindbergh evidently desires and intends to stop the purchase of materials in this country by Great Britain and France."

He declared Lindbergh's advisers were "expert" on political propaganda, but that he should have sought other advisers on military matters.

CITES 'STRANGE MOTIVES'

Citing "strange motives that actuate man," Pittman said:

"Has Colonel Lindbergh unwittingly been led into an attack on the President of the United States? Has the cunning incident of his ambition blinded him as to the safety of his country?"

"Is the fifth column behind Colonel Lindbergh, without his knowledge, in attempting to defeat the present leaders of our country?"

65-11449-18

New York, New York

65-472
GWC:FT

June 18, 1940

MEMORANDUM FOR THE FILE -

[redacted] of the Plaza Printing Company, Room 1405, 270 Lafayette St., New York City, advised that PHILIP HENRY NOLAN, 180 Ashland Ave., Bloomfield, New Jersey, had brought some copy into him to have galley proofs made, so that it could be printed. He stated that the articles were radical and are apparently to be used for propaganda purposes.

The following description of NOLAN was obtained from [redacted]

Age	65
Height	5' 6"
Build	Thin
Hair	Grayish tint
Complexion	Anaemic
Peculiarities	Has cough; Appears to be a "white-collar worker", not too prosperous.

[redacted] stated that NOLAN advised him that the original order would probably be for 5,000 booklets to be printed at first, with later orders to be placed as necessary, until 50,000 booklets were distributed. [redacted] stated that he was not going to print the pamphlets.

The booklet was photostated at the New York Field Division, and a copy is being transmitted to the Bureau.

No further action is being taken by the New York

Field Division.
30
11 08
REC'D - CRECC
2 cc Bureau (Enc.)

INDEXED

G. W. CHAPPELLE, JR.

65-11449-18X

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
JUN 20 1940
FIVE

Char No A. Lindbergh

65-11449-18X

front cover

teen cents

DRAFT

L I N D B E R G H
P R E S I D E N T

OR PREPARE FOR
Constitution
WAR, DICTATORSHIP AND SOCIALISM

by

Philip Henry Nolan

1250 Broadway, New York
~~ECONOMIC & POLITICAL LITERATURE, INC.~~
NEW YORK, N. Y.

reverse side of front cover

M O R E T A X A T I O N
will pave the road to
S O C I A L I S M
whether we have a
D E M O C R A T I C N E W D E A L
or a
R E P U B L I C A N N E W D E A L



OIL DEAL BY JAPAN CAUSES COMMENT

Tokyo and London set to
order on 100,000 barrel
delivery from...

...of the six...

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HELP KEEP THE UNITED STATES OUT OF THE EUROPEAN WAR

To help in keeping the United States out this war, those believing that we should not aid the Allies must lose no time in convincing those who think we should.

To help in attaining the objective of this booklet, and in purchasing any of the units listed here, the booklets must be distributed gratis at libraries, clubs, factories, stores and Lindbergh Clubs.

The net income derived from these sales will be for the benefit of the National Lindbergh For President Association, the author receiving only the usual book royalty.

50,000	booklets	3	cents	\$1500
25,000	"	4	"	1000
10,000	"	5	"	500
5,000	"	6	"	300
1,000	"	7	12-2 "	75
500	"	8	1-2 "	42.50
250	"	10	"	25
100	"	12	"	12
50	"	15	"	7.50
25	"	18	"	4.50
10	"	19	"	1.90
5	"	20	"	1.00

We will be glad to mail up to 50 booklets to any list you submit. Time makes it impracticable to expand this service.

P. H. Nolan, 1250 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

ORGANIZE A LINDBERGH FOR PRESIDENT CLUB IN
YOUR CITY OR ELECTION DISTRICT.

Lind

THE AUTHOR OF DRAFT LINDBERGH FOR PRESIDENT OR PREPARE FOR WAR, CENSORSHIP AND SOCIALISM and promoter of this plan to keep the United States out of this war makes available to a National Lindbergh For President Association the manuscript of this booklet for the printing of 100,000 copies in a de luxe edition, at \$1 per copy. The net income derived from this will be retained by the National Lindbergh For President Association to cover the costs of its organization and to carry on its program for the election of Colonel Lindbergh as President of the United States on the Republican ticket or as the offering of a new party determined to keep the United States out of the current European war and European and New Deal collection of money out of the United States.

Chargeable to this edition will be its own production and distribution costs and the advertising program of the National Lindbergh For President Association as well as the general advertising and distribution costs incidental to the sale of the fifteen cent booklet, DRAFT LINDBERGH FOR PRESIDENT OR PREPARE FOR WAR, CENSORSHIP AND SOCIALISM, at varying discounts after allowing the author the usual book royalty on the sales of the fifteen cent booklet only, the royalty not applying to the deluxe edition, the profits of both editions will be retained by the National Lindbergh For President Association.

Wire the Republican National Committee, at Washington, D. C., or to the National Republican Convention at Philadelphia, your demand for the nomination of Colonel Lindbergh for President if you want the United States out of war now and after the election and if you believe that capitalism should have a fair chance to prove itself before the compromises of middle of the road make it or any other economy impossible. Your agreement with what you read in this booklet will avail nothing if you do not do something; for Lindbergh Club, write - wire to the Philadelphia Convention.

permit a "war emergency" to double the national debt resulting from "economic emergency". Eight years of effort by the New Deal to cope with economic emergency due largely to our last war emergency, in measure as well as to direct the economic and ^{social} political future of the nation, have resulted in a new "way of thinking" in America. It is this way of thinking that is America's problem and a political obligation if not inviting opportunity. Indeed, this way of thinking, which all must take care of each - regardless of the effort and prudence of individuals, has become the handicap of all the world. Social progress and security depend entirely on economic efficiency. Need and fear know no reason or reasoning, whether it is in a strong man forcing a weak man out of place in a bread line or in Germany's, or any other nation's, invasion of a neutral country.

The objective of this booklet is what its title indicates: to keep the United States out of this war, not any war. If keeping out of this war, reversing our "way of thinking" and preserving our "way of life" are the problems of the people, then finding a man on whom the people can rely to keep us out of this war, who has not the "ripened political experience" of those to whom the real peril to our "way of life" may be attributed, whose contributions to the new "way of thinking", is the opportunity of the Republican Party.

There seems to be but one way now for the United States to keep out of this war and that is for the Republican Party to nominate the right man at their all too soon coming convention. This it will do only on the demand of the people who do not want this country to enter the war voluntarily but on such a course that it will be forced into the war. The Republican Party name that man only if it is bombarded with demands for the nomination of Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh, the only man who can capture the imagination of the people as well as their confidence, in a clarity of vision and purpose on the war issue and of a sound economy of which there can be no doubt - either as a candidate or an elected official.

In naming the candidate for the Vice presidency, it would be difficult to complement this selection. To assure a winning ticket, or at least unmistakably committed to keeping us out of the war, the Republican Party will have to find a man of the second place so well known as to be the head of the ticket that success at the polls, had he been the nominee for the presidency, would not be his warrant to follow out reserved intentions or have so sobering an effect that he would then realize the peril of our nation and of civilization if England loses control of the sea and of the world.

Neither party promises to have anything tangible and hopeful in its platform respecting either the war or the future of our economy. As to the candidates now before the public, none have enough clarity in expression to warrant that after the election he would not be very definite about what should be our attitude towards a war in which America might lose its protector and democracy its champion.

The rush to get on the social security bandwagon which assures the people a living and final security, regardless of resources conserved or expended - individually or nationally, has changed the people's way of thinking. Propaganda has improvised another handwagon for the politicians ever on alert for a promising ride into office, and this is being rushed by those who would save our "way of life" by forsaking the problems of livelihood and security for the asking to save Europe's "way of life" and thinking.

There is nothing about Colonel Lindbergh promising another chaser bandwagon. He is not a candidate for the presidency. Possibly he might not accept a nomination by the Republican Party. This writer has no reason to believe that Colonel Lindbergh would be interested in this suggestion or authority to make it. Nevertheless, he thinks it is a public service to call attention to this opportunity of the people and of Colonel Lindbergh. Colonel Lindbergh has no knowledge at this writing of this booklet and program, nor of this writer. He may disapprove this drafting when he reads of it. But if there is a view of the war emergency and the continued

1
sacrament of our economy which calls for the drafting of Mr. Roosevelt.
There is a better view of both that demands the drafting of a worthwhile
opposition. After all nothing but the drafting of this sort of opposi-
tion will keep this country from continuing measures which are inviting Ger-
many to send that "human-manned English" navy against us, regardless of what
may or may be Germany's plans respecting us.

It may be that at this time Colonel Lindbergh might refuse to lend
his name to this program. But in the emergency which confronts the nation
that he himself so graphically depicts, he will not curb this independent
effort to implement a nation-wide appeal for his leadership in this
crisis by those who deny that circumstances are forcing the government
developing war policy but insist that we are being led by the President.
The press, the radio and politicians looking for a campaign shibboleth
to a situation which they all earlier professed we should avoid. Regard-
less of the Colonel's personal desire or his appraisal of his possibilities
of
the merit of this program, it seems it would be his duty to his country
if he is in good health, to heed a wide demand from the people that
an opportunity to vote yes or no on the vital issues which the candidate
will discuss with more or less clarity during the campaign, respecting
the European war and the broad principles of our national economy.

Already the Republican leaders are planning to have their candidates
instructed by the national convention as to the nation's attitude toward
Europe. All through the New Deal they have followed a middle course
which lends itself to political expediency, leaving themselves free to follow
popular trend and without responsibility for the kind of reaction and political
outlook for the voters now is that the only tangible issue before them
be the one that has been the issue in every election for a hundred years
the president to alderman; this is spending too much money, turn the
and learn how much more can be spent. Entirely aside from the denial
- now and after the
people of any choice in being "just short of war" or being deeply in
lack of any opportunity to decide between the collectivism with which
American way of

requires that the voters look outside of smoke-filled political committee rooms for leadership. Colonel Lindbergh need not approve this list or read it. The voters will deem it ^{enough} sufficient that he repeat his message; that the war; that with his nomination European war leadership could not sacrifice lives in the hope of eventual war aid from the United States; that with his election they would see the New Deal stopped in either a third term or under critics of Mr. Roosevelt who would continue his deal with better results.

Colonel Lindbergh is as old in years as the leading contender for Republican nomination, and no statesman in either party is old enough in experience to have a sounder position on what should be our international relations and our domestic economy than the one Colonel Lindbergh explained in a half-dozen public addresses. Karl Marx has been talking for nearly a century, never more effectively than now, never with more harm to the people and their economy. If Colonel Lindbergh is old enough to get us out of the war, he is old enough to save us from socialism.

Colonel Lindbergh with Mr. ~~Wilkie~~ or Senator Taft or Senator Vandenberg or Mr. Dewey, or any of the presidential possibilities now before the public or that may develop, if any of them in an unequivocal declaration of his mind and purposes as to the war can support the head of the ticket without doubt would give the Republican Party a popular slate. There is even no doubt that the Republican Party with such a slate would then be giving the people a choice as to the war and our future economy. Another element of this year's need of the people on election day is a chance to enlist character and courage in public service. The hurry by senators up to the front to get on the soldiers' bonus bandwagon, the scramble by all for a seat on the next one at the politicians' service - social security and the sudden rush to board what the leadership of the President and the clamor of the press and radio have convinced office seekers is a bandwagon approved by the people, must convince the voters that character and courage of the candidates for public service are as important as a sound program.

platforms. No one doubts that the Colonel has these two qualities in abundance as well as good judgment, education and plenty of experience. The Republican Party does not try to bring these qualities to the people of war, peace, industry and government now so urgently needing them, a Third Party must make this effort.

This would be a different Third Party, knowing no North, no South, no East, no West. The head of the ticket would be the important thing, not the running mate who may help in keeping us out of this war in his desire for complete isolation which, in itself, is far from what should be the United States' position in world affairs. To Colonel Lindbergh may go the credit who long before this war began declared that this country should keep out of the expected war, who do not want to enter it now that it is here, who do not want the nation to be forced into it after the coming election; who are unwilling to continue the socializing of our "way of life" in order that Europe's pseudo-democracy may continue freedom for the strong and subjugation for the weak.

bent

The element, on getting this country into the war has a fifth column all its own. Their Trojan Horse gains the confidence of a people resolved not to repeat a costly error, by introducing propaganda for the Allies with the preamble that this country is determined to keep out of the war; but the auditor or reader soon learns that "our way of

to page - 2 -

life" is in peril. Some of the war mongers leave our duty to our imagination while others point it out to us.

Nothing outside of the expected has occurred since Mr. Roosevelt gave the assurance and Europe the warning or guidance that he would keep America out of the war. It is true that Germany has just invaded Holland, Belgium and Luxembourg. It is also true that whatever may be the facts respecting Germany's claims that she only forestalled the Allies in this move, or what may have been the degree of neutrality of Holland and Belgium, Germany offers no excuse for her aggression on Luxembourg as she did not in her occupation of Denmark. Nevertheless the war continues the same war that was begun over the corridor issue, a war which was in making since the World War's Armistice Day and its Versailles Treaty. There is nothing in the history of all wars, of any nation in dire peril, or the record of imperialism today, that should assure us that England and France would not violate neutral countries if they ^{believed they} were facing the stark reality of dismemberment and impoverishment which complete defeat would bring to Germany.

Mr. Roosevelt's trying to keep out of the war at no time has had much "short" of being in the war. How much was Mr. Roosevelt's New Deal Congress trying to keep us out of the war when it changed a neutrality isolation to one of partiality? How much is Mr. Roosevelt trying to keep us out of the war now by trying to keep Italy out of it? How much is short of war in a hurried military program that nothing new respecting security justifies but that will ^{speed military supplies to} give immediate aid to the Allies against need of help?

As one side or the other may become more confident of victory, there is while that confidence lasts less likelihood of an immediate peace without victory. But that is no reason why we should not try for peace in Europe. The swinging of this pendulum of confidence from one side to the other should not decide for us whether we will enter the war or stay out. There is a basis for peace discussions if we keep in mind two facts.

and her demand for the return of her former colonies. Germany was making other claims for territory, having specifically renounced any desire for the return of Alsace-Lorraine as well as any claims on Denmark. In pursuing her supposed desire for European and world domination, we are hearing not only Allied propaganda but England's determination to check Germany's rivalry in that domination by herself. For a Germany which had accepted the return of the colonies she was making while the present war was in progress to proceed later at the first opportunity against France or Denmark or in any other direction for expansion - would be a desire for expansion limited and possible only in a world refusing to renounce all imperialism.

An immediate peace plan which would now concede the so-called corridor to Germany would not be handicapped by notifying Germany at the same time that all other Polish territory recently seized and occupied by her, except a narrow strip of land to the east of East Prussia - as an outlet for Poland, must be ceded to a new Poland. Poland's territory in Germany's control otherwise must be restored to a new Polish sovereignty, under pain of a democratic world's sanctions, which would be applied to both Germany and Russia until Russia vacates Poland, and to Russia until she cancels the treaties made since September 1', 1939, with Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania and Finland, and submits the issue of reparations to Finland to an acceptable tribunal of arbitration. The application and extension of such sanctions would be the inauguration and expansion of a new international democracy in which not only Poland would again become a nation, but which would hear every pleading nationalism. No doubt a peace plan that would be acceptable to a Germany in no immediate danger of losing the war, would have included the return of the colonies outright, or under mandates providing for the eventual independence of all of them - as the World War Allies secured similar mandates for their colonies.

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~~The Congress should make etc. etc. etc.~~
A peace without victory etc.

A peace without victory is still possible, even if the Germans
Paris and eliminate France from the war. There is no need to make
all's classical peroration the pulsating life of the British Empire
"successful new world". In spite of all that has been said about
out to conquer the world, or Europe, there is no proof that Germany
such plans or that Hitler would spread his national socialism with
there is no reason to assume that the sovereignties of Norway, Denmark,
land, Belgium and Luxembourg will not be fully restored. We do know
any may do respecting France in the event of a German victory as we
that the Allies would do with Germany if they win the war. We do know
of all the powers Germany is the only one that has proposed disarmament
herself if the other nations would disarm. Hitler may also be willing
the British navy scuttled, along with all navies, instead of capturing
and sending it against the United States. Hitler may also agree to
out the former German colonies or any of the subjugated lands under
democratic foes; if they will enter into an agreement for an open sea
world in which no people may be control another; in which Germany and
and England will be safe from any alliances; in which the United States
be safe from an alliance of revenge from one direction, and of content
another for a professed fear that could fight with ships and planes
and sympathy but not men. Our present course and professed idealism
be calling for this revenge by Germany, and this reaction by England
sort of aid in a cause which our government is telling our people and
countries involves the destiny of all nations.

A democratic, disarmed, free world seems more promising with Hitler
Paris than with the Allies in Berlin. It must be remembered that the
over the corridor only - not even the former German colonies - so far
many is concerned. Cannot Mr. Roosevelt's idealism envisage in the
ing situation in Europe an opportunity to satisfy Germany with what
and nothing else, his chance to free all nations and races - even in
idealism must pass. Why assume that Germany will still want it if England
France and Holland and Belgium must forbear? Or must Mr. Roosevelt's
perialism hold its own through our aid and the increasing peril of some
no matter what form our aid takes?

The Congress should make heroic efforts for immediate peace in Europe in the interests of a world economy for which Europe would have to finance the war and take a military part if opportune developments permit. It should ^{be} in session as long as there are influences at work to bring American dollars and soldiers "over there". The kind of a world peace, that can bring about an immediate peace, is the only kind of a peace that will find "a place in the sun" for all its Polands, Czecho-Slovakias, Austrias. We can keep out of the war if our "thoughts" do not dwell on saving the democracy now in peril in Europe, on keeping Germany out of Canada, and the United States; if we think more about a democracy in Germany will have all that is German and England all that is English, no desire for anything else or opportunity to get or hold what is not hers. If it were a question of world-wide imperialism under England or Germany, doubt world democracy would come sooner through the imperial commonwealths and their subjugated dependencies, But no such dilemma is confronting us now, nor would we be facing it in the event of a German victory. Even if the German government in such a victory could take over successfully the imperial domination which England is finding impossible in a changing and advancing world, the German people would move with that onward world to a new idealism - A World Democracy of equality among nations and the freedom of the individual everywhere.

To avoid being drawn into this war, we must watch closely the influence of "inheritance", instincts and opinion among most of our friends on the Eastern Seaboard". We must watch the hands that would span the seas. It is that "our friends on the Eastern Seaboard" had the leadership in winning their independence from related "inheritance, instincts and opinion" across the seas, and in bringing the new country to the premiership of nations in the past and present. But in one theatre of their service, our part in the winning of the World War Allies and ⁱⁿ ~~through~~ our military participation in the war, they have cost their country more than all the bonds and communions put together, multiplied again and again. This influence's cousinship is

the Englishman's personal everyday living, has carried democratic principles and moral values to every land; but in its determination, as a nation, to "carry on" in this war to victory or defeat, it might, in a selfless effort to have England continue her control of economy, its trade routes, and the destiny of populations many times its own, have England costing the world's democracy, morals and economy more than all the Hitlers, Stalins, and Mussolinis that can hold a temporary sway over ever advancing people.

If there is any column in this country with sufficient influence to affect our national policies, it is in the voluntary service ^{to} foreign interests which is trying to get us into the war, never in any subsidized propaganda to keep us out. Our biased neutrality is aiding England to retain a supremacy in which some feel that we will be safe - notwithstanding that England is the only country that has sent armed forces against us. It would be well to realize that this is not the Allies' war, not France's, not even the British Empire's; it is England's, London's - from whence radiate the empires of government and economy. If totalitarianism should force this imperialism out of Europe, it would not move its headquarters to one of the Commonwealths - to Canada? Nor would it be succeeded by ^a ~~any~~ totalitarianism in a totalitarian Europe. Modern imperialism would be as dead as is Alexander's, Caesar's, Napoleon's. Even if it lingered, Canada would not welcome the wreck. Canada is a democracy, notwithstanding Canada's own "Eastern Shore of inheritance, instincts, and opinion" which has twice sold its self of adoption down the river for the benefit of its motherland.

ter -- sent armed forces against us.

Munition makers and money lenders should not be our fear; they did not start this war and they did not get us into the last one. Only of olden under an ambitious leader, or the influence of insistent propaganda, or apparent duty, brings on wars, wages them and sets the stage for the next one. Has not Mr. Roosevelt's course during this war been an effort to have us duplicate our World War role on a stage on which we must have a part? What is the role Mr. Roosevelt would have us play? Let us look at the record as a one-time political friend of Mr. Roosevelt's would put it. The German Foreign Office on March 29, 1940, released documents which claim were found in the Polish Foreign Office at Warsaw. If genuine they would show that Mr. Roosevelt intended to have the United States stand with England and France and against Germany in the event of war. Genuine or not, presently inept, what is Mr. Roosevelt's position in the war that did come.

Mr. Roosevelt's reference to these documents at his press conference the same day that Germany published them, was that propaganda out of Germany should be taken with several grains of salt. Mr. Roosevelt could do more to inspire confidence in his own propaganda respecting what should and should not be our position throughout this war, no matter what may be the fortune of the Allies in it, by declaring that we will not enter this war to help the Allies or to save ourselves from a victorious Germany, not merely that we will not keep out. Mr. Wilson tried hard to keep us out, but in the same position which again is seeking to aid the Allies and to weaken Germany.

Mr. Roosevelt speaks of peace. But when does he want peace to be achieved? We are told that he sent Mr. Welles to Europe to get information. Is he now using any information which may be his to promote peace by insisting on peace as the right of neutral nations in a war which can no longer be realized, and in behalf of the warring nations' own people with rights of God? Mr. Roosevelt wants that kind of peace so little that he abridges his own neutral rights. He wants a better peace than that, he would have a lasting,

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just peace by aiding etc. etc.

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The sequence of events in Europe rightly is our concern, but not
new has developed there which should occasion a bumptious participation
our part, influenced as it is by prejudices against one people and a
conception of the idealism and democracy to be found in the so-called
democracies of Europe. Mr. Wilson's distinctions in the World War's
death between nationalisms long striving for a place in the sun and th
that were surprised with Versailles sovereignties have much to do with
contending imperialisms and totalitarianisms in Europe now. The tota
arianism in Germany in no small degree became possible and somewhat
necessary for the people under it through our suggestion of a financial
contribution which was to ^{find} the last mark for reparations in the utmost yield
succeeding generations who had nothing to do with the World War.

THERE MUST BE SECURITY IN THE FAMILY OF NATIONS.

If there is one thing for which a people have a right to fight,
their own sovereignty. But until the world reaches a millennium of un
iversal democracy, each nation for its own security also must recognize a
obligation to uphold the integrity of every other nation and people. No
retire into its own shell. A neutrality indistinguishable from selfi
and poltroonery is no assurance against entanglements. Each country
duty to the family of nations which, in a world still resorting to wa
might find its youth fighting on foreign soil. No nation can help ci
tion to end all wars by making it its first duty to keep out of a war
may assure peace for itself only in the higher duty of bringing secur
all by helping all to end injustice among nations and a grisly oppres
minorities everywhere.

^{augmenting}
We would have a part in creating and spreading a universal democ
without being partisan if we should join in a "concerted effort" in
position to those violations of treaties and those ignorings of humane
instincts which today are creating a state of international anarchy and
stability from which there is no escape through mere isolation or ne
ty". But we must be sure, in view of European imperial alignments for
ance of power, that our instincts are humane not partisan; that in

well as in the Far East we do not compound the plight of conquered peoples with the problems of European statesmen. We can insist that territory remain intact, just as we may refuse recognition of Italy's conquest of Ethiopia and Albania, or of aggressions in the current Europe without becoming identified with the intrigues which would make the safe for democracy in the status quo of established imperialism. But democracy must be no more concerned with a Bohemia under Germany than with a Boer Republic that was blotted off the map. It must see no difference between the checkerboarding of ancient Egypt and the rest of a continent of 140,000,000 natives, a partitioned Ireland, and the thumbnail new boundaries in Europe. The democracy that was annoyed with one imperialism's invasion of China and another's of Ethiopia, must not be to war with the sort of democracy that can put the ignorant natives of backward continents in European uniforms to fight in the involved conflicts of a great theirs and to hold their own people in subjection to distant masters. It must have no part in imperial democracies which would associate themselves with a merciless blood-dripping communism to overcome totalitarianism's competitor for commerce and power. The fact that imperialism was outwitted by this totalitarianism in a race to promote bolshevism, takes no turn from the one even if much was added to the other. A public more informed now will not allow another financing of European quarrels to be followed with our military participation. The ills of Europe, of the world, shall become our concern only in a new World Democracy, not in a general European conflict having nothing to do with our own affairs nor with democracy. Wars and despotisms of all time have delayed a millennium of peace and democracy. But for centuries kings and autocracies have been slowly but surely passing. The people and democracy are superseding them. Even the dictatorships and autocracies of Russia, Germany, Italy and Japan have succumbed to democracy because their peoples have advanced. Dictatorships all passed accomplishing the objectives which won and retained power for them, though they had a constructive part in civilization's evolution - notwithstanding their selfish and costly personal ambitions.

Whatever may be ^{the} course, the President, ^{acted} in the Constitu-
tion with the direction of foreign affairs, will have in mind our part
reformed imperialism which in the World War was to find a place in the
through
every nation a democracy committed to saving imperialism. Partis-
ship at that time shifted shifted the sun's shadows here and set them
missing for America a chance to insist that all nations strive for
objectives, a mistake which now finds international idealism with no
that can ^{as} identified with consistent democracy. Mr. Roosevelt was in the
councils of an administration which was economically perplexed and dip-
matically beseeched as is his own today. In view of that experience, ^{the}
ne nor the Congress should accept a partisan idealism which might find
people once more pulling European chestnuts out of the fire, ^{the first} free-agent
it-were, not as an ally - now not as a member of the Allies' League of
tions. Free agents as it were, with no role in the inner councils of E-
pean imperialism or share in its spoils, but as helpful as though we kn-
what we were doing and were going to get something more substantial than
criticism. But our part ^{reward} will be only in the thought that blood is thick
than water.

We must not have a part in maintaining a European balance of power
will protect us. Our present ^{confusion} in an uncertain neutrality is clarity its
compared with the European interests and diplomacy to which some would
the nation conform. We drifted into the World War through a discrimi-
policy influenced by a minority. Our neutral attitude ^{remained} is still uncertain
in a discrimination ^{the} which sells airplane bombers to some nations but re-
to sell helium for dirigibles to another because these balloon targets
to sell war material much more practicable. This, too, is the influence
a pressure bloc. The politicians are as respectful of economic and fin-
influences as they are mindful of numbers.

to - page - 11

Civilization must become etc. etc. etc.

alley - 6 - con. a - they are mindful of ... ers.

Civilization must become aware of the problems of all minorities helpless under oppression, including the races in Asia, Africa and the world's scattered islands, against many of whom nature itself has set insurmountable barriers. With the plea of the persecuted upon whom is based the brotherhood of man and family of nations, with all minorities ^{as} vocal appeals for others as any may be clamorous or protesting respecting its rights and wrongs, the world's minorities would have an influence which could compel the attention and respect which logic and consistency also demand.

Index
That the rights of minorities, the rights of nations, may be assured in a New World Democracy will insist on the rights of individuals. Whenever the rights of the individual are assured, the rights of minorities and nations will be free. This World Democracy would reaffirm the rights of man by holding that a nation which denies religious and civil liberty cannot cooperate with democratic nations in bringing to mankind the right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness and to nations economic freedom, political liberty and social evolution. This World Democracy will not deny to anyone the right of work by the majority, but will insist on the right of the individual, however on this issue his lot may change. We must think and talk and vote.

... is ... at all times ... has no call on ... orderly ... the world to ... in the processes of ... society. — P ... organized ... the ... nations ... would revive, has had a part ... the sure situation in which idealism sought to save the world for democracy in cooperation with a par- ... more that has ... democracy. ... the times of war are passing. Now is the time for the people to evaluate all proposals, so that the same influence which led into the last war's general conflict will not again exist the disorganized ... can be as partisan as it may be humane. The people themselves decide whether we are again to have a part in playing one villain's game.

CAN THE so-called **LONE EAGLE** believe that his Goebbels-inspired suggestions will be accepted in this country that has read with sickened heart of his decoration by the blood-thirsty, democracy-hating Hitler? Can he be forgetting that only a few short months ago he gave the same message to France and to England? Does he expect us to forget the lessons of Austria, Albania, Norway, Denmark, Holland and Belgium?

IS IT POSSIBLE that he is so little an American that he would forsake the United States if trouble should come? Does he forget that with only a sandwich he made the Atlantic the path for a horde of bombers without a sandwich.

SUCH HEARTLESS statements as that of last Sunday makes us wonder if there shouldn't be more decorations due from the Pirate Lord of the Crooked Cross! **QUO VADIS, Mr. Lindbergh?**

Wake Up! America!
Prepare to Protect Yourself!



GEORGE A. HADDAD

MEMBER AMERICAN LEGION

another to guarantee peace and democracy in an idealism distinguishing between hungry dictatorships and sated imperialism.

A TWENTY-YEAR ARMISTICE ENDS IN A NEW WAR.

The "Treaty War" now raging in Europe is only one of many wars in the minorities within minorities of a polyglot, heterogeneous continent frustrated nationhood for themselves in contentions over cultures which kept them all the easy prey of empire builders. A modern, more polite imperialism, with treaties on file in Downing Street that were written on threat of wreaking dire consequences, to retain the confidence of associated commonwealths, as well as for its own stabilization, finally in preserving a treaty which fortified the status quo of established imperialism, limited commercial competition and removed a military menace. Imperialism, engulfing both minorities and majorities in its long history quest for power and trade, hardly has the morality and idealism which its aims have moved it into a war for a democracy that will protect all peoples, races and nations. Germany and its axis partner may not be democratic, indeed, they are despotisms. But their own peoples know their circumstances and will solve their problems. These countries certainly are not democratic first and most unyielding difficulties. When its real problems are approached and resolved, we will have a democratic world that can sit in judgment on Germany and determine if its renunciation of the Versailles Treaty has involved aggressions as well as adjustments; how much of Poland's own self-determined aggression in Lithuania and Bohemia may have been only unilateral adjustments and, indeed, how much the adjustments of minority interests by the Versailles Treaty itself was aggression. How much difference is there between the German aggression and "economic penetration" which reconstruct Germany and the former Austro-Hungarian Empire in the interests of the people concerned as Germany sees it and the gerrymandering of a Versailles disintegrated central Europe in the interests of distant peoples and their "political and economic permeation" of most of the world as vestigial imperialism sees it? The minorities of central Europe will accommodate

serial #

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It is my hope that Colonel Lindbergh's ^{may attach} signature here in the WHITE HOUSE next January

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signed -----

A booklet on imperialism written before the European war developed and from which this booklet DRAFT LINDBERGH FOR PRESIDENT or PREPARE FOR WAR, CENSORSHIP AND SOCIALISM is taken, will be the nucleus of a new scheme to promote a

WORLD DEMOCRACY

which will outlaw imperialism by an international pact freeing all nations and making it as impossible as

THE SMALL NATIONS MAY SET THE WAY TO PERMANENT PEACE

Permanent peace among the nations and our own national economic security in that kind of a world can be expedited through the smaller countries rather than by the temporizing of imperial interests. A beginning might be made by nations like Peru or Switzerland entering into a tentative agreement with other small countries, or with the United States, to suspend diplomatic and economic relations with any country taking the initiative in sending out armed force - troops, ships or planes - from within its borders until advantages thus acquired are relinquished. When a sufficient number of agreements or proportion of the world's population has reached an accord, with the respect of those with entrenched interests restraining them from practicing real democracy, the compact could become officially operative. No force would be used. Once this convention of the new WORLD DEMOCRACY is in effect it should include an agreement among its members that none may send out a military expedition beyond its jurisdiction. The only way not to fight is not to fight. Winning and guaranteeing peace by fighting for it has been tried. This way is found wanting. The collective security of a WORLD DEMOCRACY in a convention barring military expeditions holds more for the freedom and sovereignty of all countries than any league which in the final analysis gives authority to its majority membership to uphold its decisions by military force. There must be no such super-power dictating to nations. In a WORLD DEMOCRACY no country will be subject to the overlordship or mandate of any one nation.

COUPON

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WORLD DEMOCRACY

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AN IMMEDIATE, A JUST AND LASTING PEACE IS POSSIBLE EVEN IF WITH
HITLER IN PARIS

The following paragraph was written as a part of this booklet while most of the war observers and commentators were assuming that after the mortal and necessary losses in lives and property, the Allies would dictate peace in Paris. This is no assumption that there may not be so we are certain that terrific sacrifices have been made no matter who write the peace.

- booklet -

"An immediate peace plan which would now concede the so-called corridor to Germany would not be handicapped by notifying Germany at the same time that all other Polish territory recently seized and occupied by her, as well as a narrow strip of land to the east of East Prussia - as an outlet to the sea for Poland, must be ceded to a new Poland. Poland's territory in Germany's control if not voluntarily ceded by Germany must be restored to Polish sovereignty only under pain of a democratic world's sanctions, sanctions which would be applied to both Germany and Russia until Russia vacates Poland. A democratic world's sanction will be applied to Russia until it cancels the treaties made since September 1' 1939, with Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania and Finland, and submits the issue of reparations to Finland to an acceptable tribunal of adjustment. The application and extension of the sanctions would be the inauguration and expansion of a new idealism and democracy in which not only Poland would again become a nation, but which would bear every pleading nationalism. No doubt a peace plan that would be acceptable by a Germany in no immediate danger of losing the war, would have included the return of the colonies outright, or under mandates providing for the eventual independence of all of them - as the World War Allies set up similar mandates for their colonies."

A peace without victory is still possible, even if the Germans take Paris and eliminate France from the war. There is no need to make Mr. Churchill's classical peroration the pulsating life of the British Empire and "a powerful new world". In spite of all that has been said about a German intent to conquer the world, or Europe, there is no proof that Germany has

or that Hitler would spread his racial socialism with any such plans. There is no reason to assume that the sovereignties of Norway, Denmark, Holland, Belgium and Luxembourg will not be fully restored. We do not know what Germany may do respecting France in the event of German victory as we do not know what the Allies would do with Germany if they win the war. We do know that of all the powers Germany is the only one that has proposed disarmament for herself if the other nations would disarm. Hitler may also be willing to see the British navy scuttled, along with the other navies, instead of capturing it and sending it against the United States. Hitler may also agree to do without the former German colonies or any other subjugated lands under his democratic foes, if they will enter into an agreement for an open sea and a new world in which no people may be controlled by Germany and France and England.

Germany and France and England; in which the United States will be safe from any alliances; in which the United States will be safe from an alliance of revenge from one direction and of contempt from another for a professed fear that could fight with words and planes and guns and sympathy but not men. Our present course and our professed idealism seem to be calling for this revenge by Germany, and the reaction by England for that sort of aid in a cause which our government is telling our people and other countries involves the destiny of all nations.

A democratic, disarmed, free world seems more promising with Hitler in Paris than with the Allies in Berlin. It must be remembered that this is not over the corridor only - not even the former German colonies - so far as Germany is concerned. Cannot Mr. Roosevelt's idealism envisage in the present situation in Europe an opportunity to satisfy Germany with what it needs and nothing else, his chance to free all nations and races - even if imperialism must pass. Why assume that Germany will still want it if England and France and Holland and Belgium must forbear? Or must we have imperialism hold its own through our aid and the increasing peril of socialism in Europe? What form our aid takes?

AN IMMEDIATE PEACE WITHOUT VICTORY IS NOT POSSIBLE

The war between the Allies and Germany need not spread to all the world. There can be an early peace in Europe. America is in no peril. If we should find ourselves in this war, it will be because we involved ourselves in it. Democracy is not about to die. The shadow hanging over the world is the shadow always darkest before the dawn. There is a seeming cause in democracy's evolution as we must measure all evolution, but the cause is only the eve of to-morrow's world when all nations will be democratic and totalitarianism and imperialism will be of the past.

What has been delaying the dawn of that tomorrow is imperialism and totalitarianism. Autocracy rather has ever resulted in progress for the people. The reorganized imperialism of today is the receivership of the past and a harbinger of a new era. But America's immediate threat is not Europe's totalitarianism nor its imperialism. It is dictatorship, censorship and socialism here. Our troubles are in the political leadership in Washington and in ^{some of} the political leadership that now is trying to supersede it; in the social selfishness and economic cowardice which the New Deal and its critics are promoting among the people, in short - collectivism, socialism. This sort of idealism and economic inefficiency can sustain neither democracy nor imperialism nor totalitarianism. If America wants democracy for itself and the rest of the world, it must not allow socialism grow any stronger here under the leadership which is responsible for its greatest advance nor under a succeeding administration suggesting different methods to attain a more practical socialism.

Much of the political opposition to Mr. Roosevelt's leadership and the educational and religious life of the nation are forgetting the ^{and} economic problems created or augmented under the New Deal to which they are pointing, in order that a "united front" may give Mr. Roosevelt the opportunity and time to bring about in a different field the very thing he did he would "try" not to have happen *and everything is being tried to do all this*
There will be a "new way of life" in America, indeed, if the people

18
in a... permanent peace... in a...
is... idealism... a...
would be impossible. The western democracies, yes - the world de-
mocracies, which permitted what has happened in China, in Ethiopia,
in Albania, is not the democracy, the idealism, to correct moral
wrongdoings, and in the interests of religion, whatever may be wrong in
Germany, in Europe, in the world. England and France in refusing
to seek or accept an immediate peace disregard less the fearful
costs in lives and irreparable woe for the living and concern them-
selves more with sophistries which support imperialism and their con-
ascendancy in that kind of a world. They Western Democracies are
preparing to carry on in this war for three years, or longer if
necessary, rather than compromise with Hitlerism. There is much of
Hitlerism that is not good; that to an outsider does not make sense;
that is simply bad. But good or bad, how much is Hitlerism the con-
cern of the German people - how much the affair of the outside world?
As the Germans see Hitlerism, they realize that a Germany without Hit-
ler would be sending commissions to Paris every few months to beg for
mercy in lighter reparations, and this handicap would have been af-
fecting generations having nothing to do with the World War. There
is but little difference between Hitler and his government and the
imperialism now warring on a people long under a barrage of criticism
victims of a hatred indigenous with some, and with others based on
world war memories - many of them in atrocious stories so persistently
related as to seem historical facts. This difference - to C - 6

... the British... people... difference... the... of the... Treaty... lead's... of all... this is... millions... initiative... the... of the... in the... of... another... times... has a record... of... to the... striving... imperialism... to... the Polish... and... its... satellite... that gives any present culture and idealism the right to... on the score of humanity... democracy... the security of... people unable to defend territory worth having.

THE CORRIDOR ISSUE - -

There is more to the... But there is nothing... imperialism has no much to say... in the first place... is due to the same... which... objective... after the... imperialistic... to the realities of a new world... part in this one. The world's present democracy, Eastern and West... everywhere trying to make imperialism's security the basis of democracy... security, must be reorganized in a new World Democracy.

THE CORRIDOR ISSUE

In a predetermined plan to gain his objectives, Hitler seems to have been devious in his sixteen-point base for peace negotiations which... prevent war. England and France pointed out that Hitler thought of...

the Poles would win the major corridor in this analysis, and that his hurry intentionally killed any chance for negotiations through this demerit resort proposal to avoid war. It was agreed that Poland's sending representatives to negotiate, or to send a city to meet the Germans for the purpose, was not an all-important factor but Hitler's lack of a corridor within the corridor was offered ^{called both after} before without effect. The whole corridor and Danzig issue was presented and all of Europe before and after Hitler deferred it in a non-peace treaty with Poland, before and after the world had come to the conclusion that the Versailles Treaty was not equitable nor in the best interests of democracy and permanent peace. As to which side fired the first shot, the attending circumstances and what was the likelihood of any solution in which Germany and East Prussia might have been reunited, except the findings of history as to the first issue are to be aided by biases and prejudices in claims supporting the possibility and offering the second.

Only a new world Democracy will recognize Poland in all its rights, and it is all that is vital, and Poland all that is needed to restore the sovereignties of Ethiopia, Albania, the four republics of this "Treaty" as well as a renewed action of established principles it would only declare itself and provide the assistance required by means of the all-people; if we do it we succeed in our task of restoring peace and justice to the world and ourselves. It is the only way to peace and justice for all.

Galley - - - - -
directive of this kind, is the complete annihilation of Poland today. A
pressed, helpless people, with their backs to a living wall of
loss of their country. The public and press
that a practical step was only a "strategic retreat" to
positions. England and France will have much to do for these people
and compensation to them for their present misery. There may be no
compensation, for England and France, in certain of victory or defeat in
long war, cannot predict what will be the economic, social and moral
fate of their own people. ^{when it ends} Even victory may find their people deformed.
It is possible that the best way to save the western democracies is
to accept peace now; not later, after a further test with soldiers, but
with diplomats not the statesmen, making another Poland of France and Germany
possibly in land itself.

If the Allies are warring on Hitler and not the German people, as
they are, they should not forget that there is also a wide difference
between the government and people in other countries. If there is a
lack of conscience about the responsibility for this war's results so
is in the fact that English statesmen alone are responsible for Poland's
present situation. Poland might have ceded Danzig and a corridor as
the corridor of an earlier proposal by Hitler, who pointed out that
Poland would make such a treaty but for England's advice and assurance.
Whatever may have been Hitler's plans to in one way or another recover
territories lost to Poland in the Versailles Treaty, however much of
of all this region belonged rightfully to Germany, there can be no doubt
that the Versailles-guaranteed corridor was the immediate occasion of
beginning of hostilities.

- to -

but in the Allies etc. etc. etc.

But in the Allies' reaction to Russia's full partnership with Germany in assailing Poland's sovereignty, with English statesmen immediately excusing the Russian aggression by pointing out Poland's feudalism, the realization of that country's shortcomings as a democracy, it becomes clear to all ^{who realize} that imperialism is fighting for its existence, and it is Germany that England is warring on. Soviet communism's unexpected advance in this war, Polish integrity and even the Versailles Treaty, are all revealed as matters entirely apart from the retention by England of her primacy in a British Commonwealth of Nations and of her military and economic supremacy that she may support this reorganization of imperialism and protect it from any possible assault.

English statesmen proclaiming their war objectives in positive terms respecting German aggressions, without the slightest concern regarding the activities of Russia, Italy and Japan, leave no doubt that the fate of the people would be but a cheap price in the bringing of possible foes of imperialism. History shows that bribery has been resorted to by these so-called democracies: We saw it in one of them in the American Revolution in India, Ireland and South Africa, and in both England and France in the promised partitioning of the Austro-Hungarian Empire after the ^{World} War.

There might be no war or wars today but for England's leadership in European and world affairs. The English people would be better off without these obligations. By giving her attention to her own problems and opportunities, with a running start of centuries of plunder from Ireland and a long golden age of Indian Nabobs enriching the West End, England could raise her population of forty millions to an abundance and ideal of a sort not to be found in maintaining life lines over the earth's surface.

We are told that Hitler's word is worthless. But if Hitler wrote that a good lie may be employed to advance Germany's interests, so have

English statesmen admitted that lies made World War propaganda interesting and effective. While Hitler seems to be taking advantage of his philosophy, he has yet to confess himself a liar. One would have to ^{find} the English statesmen whose propaganda during the war was obviously only propaganda, which would have been wasted in this country but for willing ears and ready tongues, were personal liars - not one in his book admitted himself a liar. These men were of a democracy which provides for consultation and agreement with one another. But their agreement in seeing a need did not make these lies white lies. They were deliberate lies which, with the aforesaid ears and lips, created a bias for the Allies that finally got us into the war.

Can we be sure which of the isms - Nazism, Bolshevism, Fascism, Imperialism - in the last extremity, with only lies, bombing, torpedo, even poison gas as the sole avenue of escape or attack, would refuse to take advantage of these weapons? Do we know which would not? What is the difference between a German lie and an English lie, between Nazism and Imperialism, to be decided on battlefields; with civilization lost in a victory, with truth and democracy established in an Allied success? In all, what is the difference to Austria, Czecho-Slovakia, Poland, Ireland and the people of South Africa and the rest of the colonial world whether their overlords found it necessary to lie ⁱⁿ to excusing their domination or were open and above board in it all?

As arbitration might have been arranged even under German terms when peace was all but gone, can anyone say that the supporters of the policies which they themselves criticized are not largely responsible for the misfortunes which have come to Poland? England and France and Germany are all responsible for what at first evaluation seemed to be Russia's strategic, commanding position. They are all responsible for the Russian position and the political advancement of Soviet communism. They best can be said ^{of} the Allies' share in this responsibility is this: I might have been consistently right in their immediate objectives,

have been ever wrong in their methods. The truth they could not at any time have come into court with clean hands and they cannot now.

The inconsistency of England's claims to a truer democracy than Germany can be seen in the English statesmanship, and that means the diplomacy of the Allies, ~~statesmanship~~ which, chagrined at the loss of Rumania as an ally, turns to Italy with temptations meant to again induce that country to become a coworker in the cause of democracy. The lachrymose pleading of Downing Street for democracy forgives the greed and cruelty of the vanquished Ethiopia and Albania. These crimes were not committed in a few times, but while Germany was insisting on territorial revisions of the Versailles Treaty. They were overlooked by the advocates of a better, safer world, not in neglect but in diplomatic consistency with the security of imperialism rather than the spreading of democracy. It is not aggression against Hitler which the Allies would curb and remove, but Germany's ascendancy which England will not allow. Must all the world aid one nation to destroy its economic competitor in a war, or will it turn to a real democracy in which all nations will be ^{secure in} ~~secure~~ that democracy?

Hitler could add much to the objectives of an immediate peace or a better peace if, instead of effacing himself as has been suggested, he should attempt to reestablish the German Republic, patterned more on the American plan than on himself as the first president, a position to which he would in this case be entitled. It would be a good idea for all the great powers to mold their governments in the American ideology. They could then enter into a loose knit association of nations, in which all countries would be equal, each speaking only in terms of its own sovereignty, none holding votes for the great ones and for vested interests. There is not much difference in the mass of the world's leading nations; none may moralize another. They all have to do in concert to assure a World Democracy in which all nations, the great and the small, will be politically free and equal. In this World Democracy Nazism, Fascism and Bolshevism - localized in Germany, Italy and Russia - will be liquidated by the people directly concerned. A world-wide and deeply rooted imperialism would disappear with them as would the remaining monarchies and Her Majesties, their patented nobilities and satellites of snobbishness and inequality to nations and man.

World will bring democratic principles to the peoples of Eastern Europe and Western Europe - everywhere, to all countries subject to the overlordship, or mandate, or any one nation.

On September 7th, 1939, Prime Minister Chamberlain, according to news releases, told the House of Commons that if Chancellor Hitler was counting on a short war in Poland to gain his objectives, he would be to disappointment in England's resolve to prosecute what he thinks will be a long war. But in the light of a real democracy that is assured in the evolution of all nations ever onward to a better world, and by reason of the present indistinguishable political, military and economic positions and objectives of the European powers, there is no reason why ^{one} of the efforts were made to end the World War should not be repeated now. This was an appeal for an immediate peace without victory. If the Allies under British leadership should refuse to consider such an appeal from the United States their position would be due to the determination of imperialism to crush the would-be imitator, of one military power to hold the summit of political and economic advantage against all others. (insert here - abc- below)

Unless there is an early peace this war will cost millions of lives, ~~we will~~ billions of treasure wealth and the confusion of all society for years of deliberations and some - through the willfulness of less than a dozen men. There is something close to one-man power in other countries than Germany. Even in the United States Mr. Roosevelt, like Mr. Wilson, would become a near-dictator should chameleon-like positions ^{of neutrality} swiftly pass in imperceptible nuances from "measures short of war", to actual participation in the war. It would hardly be refused by Germany unless victory seems to be a certainty. The only known objectives of Germany in this war are to secure the corridor and her former colonies and to save the nation from dismemberment and the German people from impoverishment.

Immediately on the outbreak of the war the President implemented a neutral position desired by the Congress in its precaution against any "inevitable participation" in a European war long impending. There is an apparent divergence between President Wilson's neutrality and President Roosevelt's in their advice to the people to support the government's position.

Nevertheless, there is a difference in the neutrality of Mr. Wilson's "thought" and that of Mr. Roosevelt's. Mr. Wilson's course is past his control. What Mr. Roosevelt's might lead to depends on whether we will be as wise to keep out of Germany's way as we will be unmindful of how we will generally get in ours. The circumstances which took us into the war of 1914 that did not get us into a war with England from 1914 to 1917, and which now, are again before us through the policies of both England and Germany. Already Germany has made the Baltic Sea a private lake. The Allies have done the same with the high seas. Mines in the English Channel and the sea and the outside ocean are no more merciful than submarines or airplanes, and the warring nations are equipped with all three. So is the United States. (chapter title) THE CHANGE IN OUR NEUTRALITY LAW

No doubt a flexible control of foreign relations by the Executive is desirable. It is true, too, that it is impossible during a war to find a position, however seriously intended to be neutral, that does not have beneficial or adverse consequences for one side or the other. But, in the light of all our information, the change made in our neutrality laws while the war was being waged should have been by the unmistakable will of the people. In all the circumstances, their repeal was an unneutral act in that they were an enhancement of the war of the Allies' relations with the United States at the expense of Germany's. The change in the neutrality laws, by incorporating the principles which prompted the President to call an extraordinary session of the Congress, denies a remote, uncertain beneficial influence on Germany to assume a direct and active aid to England and France. This invites retaliation, in measures fully known to us, by a Germany with more power than she had in the World War. There can be only the inevitable result.

If our shipping is to be kept from the danger zone, and it should be, the new neutrality bill should have made it evident that it is our interest to be as neutral as possible. We could retire all our shipping more cheaply than taking a part in the war of helping finance it. We would be neutral in neutrality if we should restrict any commerce with the belligerents. We should aid in any way one side without also helping the other. During the

the safety
for France, no matter how shipped, that these countries guarantee like
shipments to Germany as far as their blockade would be concerned. To
plement this humanity, the Johnson Act might be amended to allow cred
for food stuffs with this provision of equal opportunity for the bel
erents.

When the President had declared the nation's neutrality position
accordance with the existing neutrality laws, he immediately began pr
tions for an extra session of the Congress. Mr. Roosevelt pointed

to page - 16 --
out
at the opening etc. etc.

out at the opening of this session the little difference to the Allies if we refuse to export manufactured war munitions to them, as long as we can get the raw materials which they are now permitted to buy. Whatever the difference, the Congress was called to dissolve it. It is difficult for us to be neutral, to be secure, to be right in any course other than one which seeks to make all nations secure and right; not one which seeks to guarantee our own security ^{in an open, active partiality to the Allies}. We shall not be neutral if we differ between an airplane bomber and an anti-aircraft gun, between a submarine and a depth bomb. An anti-aircraft gun mounted in New York Harbor or is defensive, as we or the English see it. But Germany must view as a offensive act against her the results of this war-time legislation which its enemies to fight her. The majority vote which changed the neutral laws will, in the logic and sympathies that motivated it, undoubtedly repeal the Johnson Act. How soon this happens depends altogether on the financial pressure on the Allies which a lengthening war is sure to bring increasing embarrassment to them.

An influence towards ending the war should have been a motivation of our latest neutrality legislation. Our part should be to throw water on the European conflagration, not oil. As an act of mercy to the helpless victims of statesmen, the men in uniforms as well as non-combatants, the Congress should now give as much attention to the problem of stopping the war as it gave to this neutrality effort, in a resolve to have the war end ^{after} not ~~after~~ certain objectives have been attained, but tomorrow - today. Dictators and near-dictators of Europe must be made to realize that there can be no logic before the Throne of Mercy in all the sequences of diplomatic blunders, from Versailles to the first authorized order for hostilities in a new war, which can excuse a single supreme sacrifice as long as a peace without victory may be had in more humility in the world's great before that Throne. These men are not great if they cannot govern without sacrificing hundreds of thousands, possibly millions, of young men - Frenchmen, Englishmen, Ger--

17
man and, most likely, ^{German} people from the ^{principles} of European
imperial democracies. There must be a concerted effort to put an end
to a war that cannot be carried on without harming all neutrals, in which
own sovereignty is subverted in legislation, ^{designed} to aid one side; a neutral
position which can but lead to our military participation in another
war, in which nations and idealisms ages in the making will be but
of Machiavelian statesmen.

In a peace without victory, or during an armistice, the democratic
world outlined ^{on a booklet} which will follow this one, ~~THE LONGER THE WAR~~
~~THE Surer WE'LL BE IN IT~~, would apply its sanctions to Germany and Poland
respecting issues ^{related} ^{the} ^{and} arising to this war; severing all diplomatic ^{and} economic
relations with them until they come before some tribunal of adjustment.
But that peace would find Poland in the sad plight for which Hitler
is from being alone in responsibility. Nevertheless, it must be in the
visions of a new democracy that Poland be reestablished; not as ^{an} ^{incidental}
result of a war to continue England's ^{position} in world affairs and as a
chain of imperial commonwealths.

Hitler, in an idealism which could not envisage the coming democracy
that would give to Germany all that is German, or in an outlook which
doubted this adjustment after the termination of his commission, was
willing to stop short of war that he might reunite the Germany which
battles severed. The Allies went to war to uphold what ^{that} coming better
democracy would adjust - and in the loose assumption, or designing something
that 80,000,000 German-speaking people in central Europe were going
to conquer mankind; that to reassure mankind they themselves would insist
on a right which would prevent this in an idealism that has never abused

Let the so-called Western Democracies give up their imperial gains
of the past and those they may have in prospect and turn to an immediate
peace in Europe from which all nations may work for permanent peace. With
this sacrifice by them a democratic world and permanent peace can come
through their attrition of imper- to page -- 18 --

[Redacted]

Springdale, Penna.
June 17, 1940

B7C

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:-

Enclosed you will find a letter addressed to Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh. I am not sure whether he lives in Washington, D. C. or not. Will you please forward the letter to him.

If you think it advisable to open the letter to check the contents, you may do so, but if you do, please keep the contents and my identity a secret for the time being. I am asking this favor for my own protection, and I am compelled to rely on the honesty of your bureau.

Thank You

[Redacted]

B7C

Case 12-13-40

RECORDED
&
INDEXED.

65-1144	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
5	JUN 18 1940
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	

WCH:LLA

July 15, 1940

RECORDED

65-11449-19

[Redacted]
Springdale, Pennsylvania

Dear [Redacted]

I desire to acknowledge receipt of your letter dated June 17, 1940, with which you enclosed a letter for Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh which you requested this Bureau to forward to Colonel Lindbergh.

Long established Departmental regulations preclude me from complying with your request, and I am, therefore, returning herewith your letter for Colonel Lindbergh.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Enclosure

- Mr. Tolson _____
- Mr. Clegg _____
- Mr. Glavin _____
- Mr. Ladd _____
- Mr. Nichols _____
- Mr. Rosen _____
- Mr. Tracy _____
- Mr. Carson _____
- Mr. Egan _____
- Mr. Gurnea _____
- Mr. Harbo _____
- Mr. Hendon _____
- Mr. Pennington _____
- Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
- Mr. Nease _____
- Miss Gandy _____

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
 MAILED
 * JUL 15 1940 *
 P.M.
 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[Handwritten initials]



B7C

Alexandria, La.

5/21/40.

Mr. [redacted]

RECORDED & INDEXED

65-11449-20

@ Congressman Allen

My dear Mr. [redacted]

Harry [redacted] - I think
I should include [redacted]
to Mr. Bell. I don't know
his experience - he is
Mr. [redacted]

Don't let the [redacted]
[redacted] life old [redacted]
Let you [redacted]
[redacted]



B7C

9

11/1/40

[Handwritten signature]



Heil Lindbergh.

A Nazi Decoration

Well Deserved!

65-11449-20

gence the American public. In his speech of last Sunday, he insists that the United States has nothing to worry about in the murderous rape of the small countries of Europe; that we do wrong to meddle with the mad Nazi drive for world domination; that we refrain from hysteria just because of a few million women and children have been killed, crippled and driven away from their homes to starve in the Nazi-made wilderness.

CAN THE so-called LONE EAGLE believe that his Goebbels-inspired suggestions will be accepted in this country that has read with sickened heart of his decoration by the blood-thirsty, democracy-hating Hitler? Can he be forgetting that only a few short months ago he gave the same message to France and to England? Does he expect us to forget the lessons of Austria, Albania, Norway, Denmark, Holland and Belgium?

IS IT POSSIBLE that he is so little an American that he would forsake the United States if trouble should come? Does he forget that with only a sandwich he made the Atlantic the path for a horde of bombers without a sandwich.

SUCH HEARTLESS statements as that of last Sunday makes us wonder if there shouldn't be more decorations due from the Pirate Lord of the Crooked Cross! **QUO VADIS, Mr. Lindbergh?**

Wake Up! America!
Prepare to Protect Yourself!



GEORGE A. HADDAD

New York, May 21

Mr. President Roosevelt,

Your Excellence,

RECORDED & INDEXED

65-11449

RECORDED & INDEXED

Isn't Col. Lindbergh a
pro-Nazi?

Doesn't he belong to the
"Fifth Column"?

Isn't it rather dangerous

to put aviation slow and

FILES DIVISION
FORWARDED

secrets into his hands?

JUL 31 7 17 PM '40

F. B. I.
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

A good citizen.

JUL 31 9 23 PM '40

8/1/40

ANONYMOUS COMMUNICATION
KEEP ENVELOPE ATTACHED

54677

I don't understand why
 your Department don't bust
 and gag that man Charles
A. Lindbergh. He is the most
 dangerous man in the country
 today. He is a German and
 is doing his utmost to spread
 disunion in the U.S. You are
 after Fifth Columnists and
 traitors, so why let him
 escape. Real Americans

RECORDED

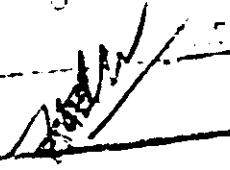
65-11449-2

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
 6 AUG 6 1940
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

you talk of 5th ^{June 9 5, 1940} Columnists why
don't you get. Chas Lumberg
who is masquerading as a
Colonel. He I think is one of the
Leaders of this 5th Columnist in
this country since Germany
bought him off with a Medal
that does not work 2 cents
watch him listen to him

RECORDED

65-11449-22

2	U.S. DE
	

ATTACHED TO ENVELOPE

Nazi



(BY AP) Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, as he arrived in Chicago yesterday to make a speech advocating U. S. co-operation with Germany.

If you don't get rid of this traitor and all his kind you will not have to to Europe to get a war. We will wake up some day and find we have a war right on our own doorstep and then it will be too bad for all concerned.

RECORDED

65-11449

FEDERAL BUREAU OF IN.

AUG 6 1944

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

W. J. ...

Glen Burnie, Md.,

August 5, 1940.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

We in America sat by in 1932 and watched
Mr. Charles A. Lindbergh SMOULDER LIBERTY by
creating the greatest case of MISS MURKIN the
world has ever known, either by his ignorance;
----or design.

We in America to sit by in 1940 and
watch Mr. Lindbergh SMOULDER LIBERTY by creating
just as great a REAR MURKIN, either by the
dictates of his ignorance, ----or ADOLF HITLER?

We have a right to expect something of
our Federal Bureau of Investigation. We are all entitled
to free speech when that speech does not undermine our
traditional American Independence; but when we are told
by a nin-com-pon that, because we do not agree with
his Nazi ideas, we are not 'enlightened' it is time to
speak out. Most people will agree with me that this
man is made of 'ass' of himself on two continents.
(The 'Colonels' I mean are the real thing and my associa-
tion with them in aviation has been with internationally
known engineers and builders --not pilots alone). I am
not an expatriate, a repatriate, an Anglophile or any-
thing other than American. At the same time, I am
not affected by Anglophobia either. The British have
'nothing on me'.

16 U

ack. 8-10-40
8-9-40

RECORDED & INDEXED

#1.

65-11449
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
AUG 6 1940
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover -Continued-

I have read all of the analects of Chu -Fu-tse (Confucius) in old and new books. He was China's greatest philosopher (and most of the philosophy of other great Chinese is borrowed from, or similar to, Confucius' teachings) and I cannot find where he (or any other Chinese philosopher) mentions: "When the rich get too rich and the poor too poor, something happens". He (Confucius) would have been the last to suggest that a bunch of brigands get busy and cut up in general.

The only place this quotation mentioned by Mr. Lindbergh could have originated (I suspect) is from Chinese or Japanese brigands, the mind of Mr. Lindbergh; or transplanted there by the brigands of 'Central Europe' who are cutting up in general over there now, as an excuse, in the hope of 'justifying' their depredations.

Dear me, does Mr. Lindbergh think he has a monopoly on intelligence?

There is an old saying Mr. Lindbergh has not heard apparently; but it is a good one; --- it is: "If a man is ignorant he will soon publish the fact."

"Central Europe was so poor" --Eh? Hardly knew where their next airplane, tank, parachute, bomb; and other nefarious weapons were coming from, now, -----did they?

I open my Bible occasionally and we are told by the greatest teacher (I am familiar with all of the pagan religions and their various 'deities', etc., having made a life study of them to greater suggest my belief in the Christian Religion which came after) that no one has everything. There is always a 'leveling influence' in life and this applies to both rich and poor.

THEY MR. LINDBERGH SAYS IT IS NOT A MATTER OF RELIGION --HE LIES-- AND HOW HE LIES!-- if --as he says-- he knows what he is talking about. If he really knows what he is talking about, then for whom he lies is as plain as the nose on your face.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover -Continued-

We are not impressed by what Mr. Lindbergh saw in Germany. We know he saw only what Adolf Hitler let him see; we said only what Adolf Hitler favored--- he got a MEAL didn't he? SIEGHE is not FAIR in Germany and if he got such and said such --by his own admission-- he is guilty of treason; --is not a true American-- and should have no more right to address a radio audience than Earl Browder.

After a misrepresentation of the facts in his speech as we know them to be (we, most of us, read the newspapers) Mr. Lindbergh closes on the mention of 'character'. 'Character' is a word of many meanings.

Mr. Lindbergh went to England late one night to 'seek' 'peace and quiet'. The English gave him just that --peace and quiet--but not the SIEGHE peace and quiet he wanted; so-----he went to France. In France he found more peace and quiet (NOT FAIR and quiet). He was not the English and the French. Some is shows Mr. Lindbergh his out on long air the lights of the distraction of his 'detectors and 'characters of peace and quiet every thing in his power to show the still over the old MEAL but they were just too dark to catch on. It is not the 'artificial heart here that to say I suspect Mr. Lindbergh of 'wearing it'.

Mr. Lindbergh went to Germany, --and oh boy! he was made (or unmade) all over again. The whole world will back me on the statement that 'he has been going to town' ever since. That boy Adolf is no mere publicity agent. If one has no qualms as to where his publicity comes from, I recommend Adolf every time.

He was not to live in Berlin. But no, --after letting America 'muddle along' for nearly five years without him-- and hearing Adolf's report of the 'press' of the democracies were making one of the country over here; ---he came back to save us-- and the biggest thing ---he was to do was to save us!

Please note that the MEAL for Lindbergh in America, 'stunned America' (after the Hitler Medal) was growing by leaps and bounds again; --and the scent carried across the ocean --(the ocean airplanes can't hope to smell)-- and seeped ever stronger into the nostrils of the MEAL and he was over the ocean. Dear old MEAL America, --dear old MEAL America beckoned.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover -Continued-

Such cases Mr. Lindbergh. But what has happened? Old America is not so -SMILING-. There are actually those who dare to dispute his word. He finds we have all become fools, --

He takes to radio. He argues against defense. The people shout him down. He comes out for defense. In fact it seems a case of not being able to take up his mind,-- (or else not having a mind to take up).

He is scolded by us; we who marvel we are Old America, are accused of being about to ask King George to have a replica of his crown made to place on our noble President's head. He even 'crowns' our President with the accusation of 'subversive interests'.

Our President is a man of position and authority, (not by virtue of one spectacular airplane flight and the material gain which followed in its wake) but by over-American tradition. He is the true American gentleman up to the neck and tradition with all the attributes of Washington and Jefferson. He has proved that he "can walk with kings for love the common touch". This much cannot be said of Lindbergh.

We read about the wapers of Poland, of Norway, of Holland. I can't begin to keep up with the various colors, and don't blame me, as Adolf steals countries faster than I can count the colors. I am only trying to show how ridiculous Mr. Lindbergh is when he tries to convince us that Adolf has no designs on us. He has proved that he can hang papers on countries as well as walls; and we know that Adolf has as many designs on us as there were on the papers he used to hang on walls, before he (Adolf) moved up into the 'tricker' brackets 'that he so detests'.

Whether Mr. Lindbergh feels the 'swing' of America "getting along without him for nearly five years" and has come back to have a good time over the radio and taunt us with Adolf Hitler; --or whether he is an agent of Adolf Hitler is not for me to ferret out.

We want no quislings here!

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover -Continued-

After yesterday's speech by Mr. Lindbergh there can be no doubt as to where Mr. Lindbergh's sympathies lie. Mr. Earl Browder's sentiments were very much the same. They are not the sentiments of good thinking Americans.*

I am attaching hereto a copy of a protest which I sent to The Mutual Broadcasting Company; excerpts from which Mr. Lindbergh borrowed, --or was it just coincidence?

After yesterday's speech; which should have been entitled KEEP AMERICA OUT OF WAR FOR GERMAN REASONS, no one can pretend he does not know where the 'Kunnele's' sympathies lie. You noted how that applause 'slowed up' toward the last of his speech if you heard it. It was my impression that he destroyed a lot of the peace in the hearts of those who heard him, and I distinctly detected a stunned sort of fear.

If "A word to the wise is sufficient" in Heaven's name; I wish to ask the Federal Bureau of Investigation what America is waiting for?

I am

Very sincerely yours,



B7C

GJA.

Copy to The President.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE MUTUAL NETWORK
(A Product of Reason, -Without Hysteria)

A PROTEST

I have before me, The Baltimore American, issue of Sunday, July 28, 1940; in which there appears an article by Karl H. Von Niegand, Berlin, Germany.

The propoganda is so evident that it is apparent to children. A young child of my acquaintance (child is the word) after reading Goering's 'praise' of Lindbergh, and Goering's "not understanding why and how in the United States there has not been created a separate air ministry, etc.", asked this question: "Would Goering like us (The United States) to have an Air Ministry with Lindbergh in charge of it?" "Out of the mouths of babes, etc."

I quote a paragraph from this article:

"Lindbergh is a great flier, a man of great technical experience," Goering replied. "He does his own thinking and I respect his judgment."

Just how does Goering 'know' that the honorary colonel Lindbergh does "his own thinking"? --Especially in these days of 'much pretense'.

I recall that Quisling's (of Norway) 'judgment' was 'respected' by Goering.

In view of the fact that both the Republican Party at its convention and the Democratic Party at its convention, openly decried intervention in any war other than an invasion of these Americas; --isn't Mr. Lindbergh a bit presumptive?

I PROTEST ANYONE NAMING A SPEECH UNDER THE TITLE OF "KEEP AMERICA OUT OF WAR FOR AMERICAN REASONS"!

I am taking the 'title' literally. THE ONLY REASON AMERICA WILL GO TO WAR WOULD BE FOR AMERICAN REASONS.

I heard a lot recently about the teachings of a Mr. Bertrand Russell being a menace to the morals, etc., of our young should he be permitted to teach in our schools.

I am concerned for the morale of the children. In view of the greater number of children who can be reached and influenced by radio; it is at once apparent that the burden of supervising what the children shall or shall not hear cannot be carried by the parents alone.

I am also sure that most of us whom duty has held to his post, are a little 'fed up' with Mr. Lindbergh (and his desire to save us from ourselves) for most of us were taught early in life, those immortal words of Longfellow in his poem: The Bridge:

"And I think how many thousands
Of care-encumbered men,
Each bearing his burden of sorrow
Have crossed the bridge since then."

A lot of us feel that when Goering 'admires' a person it is time to sit up and take notice; so, may I suggest that you use the time allotted to Mr. Lindbergh (especially the day being Sunday) to have someone read this poem of a truly great American who suffered a great tragedy, --THE BRIDGE-- for the object lesson it teaches.

I am sure that when, and if, America goes to war, it will be for American Reasons; --just as sure as I am that America's battles will be fought (and won) by the type of man personified by the man who meditated on The Bridge.

Respectfully,

[Redacted signature]

074

N.B. In my haste I did not date this.
I mailed it Friday, Aug. 2, at
3:30 P.M. Air Mail -Special Delivery.
I was advised by the postmaster this
would reach Chicago, Saturday, Aug. 3.

RECORDED

JJS:HB
65-11449-24

August 10, 1940

[Redacted]
Glen Burnie, Maryland

Dear [Redacted]

bx

Your communication dated August 5, 1940, has been received together with enclosure, and I want to thank you for the thought which prompted you to write and furnish your observations and suggestions. Please be assured that the contents of your letter will be made a matter of permanent record in the files of this Bureau.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

- Mr. Tolson _____
- Mr. Nathan _____
- Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
- Mr. Clegg _____
- Mr. Ladd _____
- Mr. Coffey _____
- Mr. Egan _____
- Mr. Glavin _____
- Mr. Harbo _____
- Mr. Hendon _____
- Mr. Mohr _____
- Mr. Nichols _____
- Mr. Pennington _____
- Mr. Rosen _____
- Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
- Mr. Nease _____
- Mr. Tracy _____
- Miss Gandy _____

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
 MAILED
 AUG 10 1940 ★

Mr
 ROST
 S f

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

Citizens' Help Is Sought

The handling of such matters (counter-espionage, etc) is definitely the task of constituted and well-trained law enforcement agencies, and the citizens' function in the present emergency," the bureau said. "is to refer to the FBI information coming into their possession which they believe bears upon the furtherance of our national defense."

While during the five years preceding 1938 the FBI investigated an average of thirty-five espionage matters each year, in the fiscal year 1938 the number rose to 250, and in the fiscal year 1939 a total of 1,651 matters pertaining to national defense were received.

August 5, 1940

Here is your Fifth Columnist No. 1.

Keep YOUR EYES ON HIM

Lindbergh Urges We 'Cooperate' With Germany if Reich Wins War

Colonel Tells 'Keep Out' Group in Chicago 'Agreement Could Maintain Civilization in World'—Asks We Move for Peace

SPECIAL TO THE NEW YORK TIMES

Handwritten notes and scribbles on the left margin.

RECORDED

65-11449-25
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
1 AUG 7 1940
U S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Handwritten initials or signature.

Handwritten signature or initials.

THE SUN

NEW YORK DAILY

Published each day by The Sun Printing & Publishing Corp., 125 N. W. St., New York 17, N. Y.
Vol. 1 No. 86
Tuesday, August 6, 1940
Local thunderstorms, slightly cooler tonight. Lowest tonight about 68.
The Day's News by Radio—Page 22
LAST EDITION



An Editorial

Denouncing

Charles A.

Lindbergh

FILES DIV. RECEIVED

INDEXED
65-11449-A
NOT RECORDED

I say very simply that Col. Lindbergh in his speech in Chicago Sunday identified himself as Spokesman No. 1 for The Fifth Column. The Fifth Column, in America as in Madrid, is a group who love their country's enemies and who first argue and then fight for them. The

Not all the slick Goebbels-like reasonableness of Lindbergh's wind-up will wipe these things out—neither the argument that European affairs are too messy any way, nor his sly appeal to social consciousness with his Chinese proverbial about the rich being too rich and the poor

have sworn to destroy the American people. Germany under Hitler is the

always been that he wrapped his poison in sweet reasonableness—the same sweet reasonableness that took Chamberlain in



Col. Charles A. Lindbergh greeted by Gen. Goering on Lindbergh's visit to Berlin in 1938. Photo from Wide World

America as in Madrid, is a group who love their country's enemies and who first argue and then fight for them. The "peace" faction, as it is called, have "sworn to destroy the American idea." Germany under Hitler is thoroughly identified as the arch enemy of democracy, and as such is the arch enemy of the arch democracy, the U. S. A. On Sunday Col. Lindbergh first tried to frighten the people of the U. S. by saying "A war between us (the U. S. and Germany) could easily last for generations and bring all civilization tumbling . . ." then counseled "co-operation" . . . "never impossible when there is sufficient gain on both sides."

These are Fifth Column statements, naked and unashamed. They are preaching of the inevitability of German conquest, defeatism—followed by the suggestion that if we deal reasonably with the conqueror, he will deal reasonably with us. These are the things Fifth Columnists—friends of their country's enemies—have been saying for years now—in Austria, in Czechoslovakia, in Norway, in France.

consciousness with his Chinese proverbs about the rich being too rich and the poor always been that he wrapped his poison in sweet reasonableness—the same sweet reasonableness that took Chamberlain in and led to Munich.

Lindbergh is a political novice. His speech was post-graduate work. Obviously, he was helped in writing it. Who are the people who did his thinking and helped in his writing? Who are his gang?

Some weeks ago I wrote in this newspaper that the reasoning of the appeaser argues that the mayor of a city should "co-operate" with the gangster if the latter gets big enough and tough enough and seems "here to stay."

This is the reasoning in Col. Lindbergh's speech, whatever group prepared it for him. This is the way Fascist Fifth Columnists work.

I denounce Col. Charles A. Lindbergh as the spokesman of the Fascist Fifth Column in America.

RALPH INGERSOLL

Havana, Huron County, OHIO.
August 6-40.

Edgar J. Hoover, -Chief F.B.I.
Washington D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:-

Just how long do we have to have
Mr. Cnas. Lindbergn and especially his
misleading speeches with us?

In a friends piano and radio store,
a few weeks past, I saw a young lady,
unknown to the proprietor, bring in a
high grade, short-wave, sending and re-
ceiving, radio set for repairs. The re-
pairs were made and paid for, and no
names or questions asked.

This incident looked peculiar to me
although the proceedings may have been
without detriment to the U.S.A. I did
not know waether to say anything or no,
however, when the proprietor and I were
alone, I mentioned the situation to him
and he figured that possibly he should
get in touch with the Mayor of this
City of eight thousand and learn what
should be done in situations regarding
similar sets.

Very truly yours

B7C

65-1144
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
1 AUG 8 1940
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

NDW:MAL
65-11449-26

RECORDED

August 15, 1940

[Redacted]

Havana, Ohio

B7C

Dear [Redacted]

I wish to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated August 6, 1940, and to express my appreciation for the interest you have displayed in transmitting this information to me.

You may be assured that the content of your letter has been noted and will receive appropriate attention.

Should you obtain any additional information which you believe to be of interest to this Bureau, please feel free to communicate with me or Mr. W. L. Listerman, Special Agent in Charge, Federal Bureau of Investigation, United States Department of Justice, 1448 Standard Building, Cleveland, Ohio, relative thereto.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

- Tolson _____
- Clegg _____
- Fawcett _____
- Loebl _____
- Malone _____
- E. A. Tamm _____
- Egan _____
- Glavin _____
- Nichols _____
- Nease _____
- Tracy _____
- Gandy _____

MAILED
AUG 16 1940 ★
CC - Cleveland (with copy of incoming)
P M
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Handwritten signature/initials

Paulding, Mississippi
Jefferson County

July 30, 1940

President F. D. Roosevelt of

J. W. [unclear]

RECORDED & INDEXED
65-11449-27
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
Dear Honor A. Roosevelt

I haven't met

Dear from you since
I wrote you the regis-
ter letter on the 14th
6 + wrote you a letter
on 20. I am writing a
letter to you again to
ask you if you did
get the letter, had you
get it from me.

I did read the
Newspaper Flier charl-

dollars for he id by me
on may 3, 1934. Then he
and his wife & their
children fled to Engl-
and on Dec, 1935. He
is spy. He is with
faith in Hitler of
Germany. But God
will best.

Please you write
me soon as you can.
I want to hear from you
your Truly Friend.

I was

in Lindbergh said in
it that he is a German
I know & listen, United
States will be to get to
won victory over
Germany if Germany
to get to come as I did
won victory over Plier
C. A. Lindbergh on May
3, 1934. I wrote him
letter on Dec, 1935
that if you to get mad
or angry at me I let
him to get a million
people to help him to
come back here to see
me but God going
to put him to death
I wrote him from

RECEIVED
SUPER DIVISION

New York, New York

B7C

August 4, 1940.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Chief
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Here is a report, no matter how fantastic it may seem warrants your attention and the meagre investigation required to confirm or explode its basis in fact.

Charles A. Lindbergh is imprisoned in Berlin together with his wife, Ann Morrow Lindbergh. The person now masquerading in this country as Lindbergh is a cleverly duplicated Charlie McCarthy brought being under the legerdemain of Dr. Goebbels.

It is being widely surmised that the Lindbergh who was abroad to live--and avowedly never to return--was metamorphosed into a full-fledged Nazi, who returned to his native land so infused with Goebbels' teachings that he has, here, become his unrestrained mouthpiece.

This theory is lent credence by the fact that his own father also was against war... a fact duly considered by the Nazi Propaganda Ministry. Too, it was reported from Berlin during Lindbergh's there that the flyer felt profound remorse at the unjust execution of Hauptmann..... He was shown how he could requite that great injustice and he did, willingly or under pain of penalty. These obvious truths are far short of the mark.

THE REAL TRUTH IS: The Lindbergh we are hearing from says is, indeed, a stooge; a man bearing a striking likeness to the flyer though sufficiently different in a number of apparent respects to be distinguished from Lindy. I took some assignments on the coverage of the kidnapping case, from the committing of the crime throughout the trial. It was frequently said, but never published, that the Lindbergh baby had some embarrassing physical defects. Violet Sharpe referred to these defects and shortly thereafter she was murdered. I, like many others, never was convinced that that crime was solved; that the boy was actually WAS kidnapped. Here, then, enters the element of cooperation. The Lindberghs dare not talk; the Morrrows dare not talk. But someone explains that crime... by TALKING as DIRECTED.

RECORDED 10 5

RECORDED & INDEXED

65-11449-

CORROBORATIVE PROOF: Little has been seen since the return from Berlin; Lindy rarely sees his former associates in Brookbridge by 'phone; to Mrs. Morrow by 'phone. Those who know Lindy's height, his shoulder line, his face, neck, head, skin and coloring; his lips, nose and eyes; his manner and modulations of voice and worked with Lindy in Detroit nearly 20 years ago. I knew him as the teacher at the Page High School there. Since that time, I have... perhaps... up to six weeks ago.

And I say in all sincerity--as fantastic as it may seem
--THIS MAN IS NOT CHARLIE LINDBERGH.

It is all so ridiculous that no man would be so bold as
to suggest legerdemain. Not even in view of the fact that Lindbergh
was seen here in the Swedish Nazi Trojan Horse Book, but after a
study of Lindy and again of this masquerader, there is absolutely
in my mind that deception has taken place; that the discrepancy
is so striking that it cannot be accounted for by any normal
change that might accrue from the maturity and rounding out that comes
in reaching middle age--the late thirties or early forties; the
changes, individual physiognomy is set, and cannot, change in a life
time to the extent that they have changed in the man who
calls himself as Charles Augustus Lindbergh.

My unshaken opinion is that the man who addressed the
malicious gathering in Chicago is a Goebbel's masterpiece, that
he deceived him so naturally, so convincingly, so without question
that he disarmed our normal suspicions.

I am as sick, as bored and as weary of the Lindbergh case
as Superman or as any man on earth. I am as eager and as willing
to never be given another stick of space as, well, as you are.
I speak German, Swedish and American. He speaks my wife, German,
Swedish and Swedish. Speaking these languages, there is
no doubt that the current Lindbergh is rather a tough time with some
especially difficult combinations. Whenever he says a word
or he was brought up, it was not in Minnesota, but this
real Lindbergh benefited from sufficient education to read
and speak.

I suggest, then, in all sincerity and humility that you
do the checking on the Charles A. Lindbergh record--his
youth record, his childhood, his memory for happenings, and
the life of Lindbergh which no man of normal mentality
could withstand. If you can handle your head record
to the point of doing this, I feel certain that we will
discover THE MAN WHO of all time, the greatest
man in the world and the greatest bear ever perpetrated.

CHARLES A. LINDBERGH

NDW:BC

65-11449-28

August 15, 1940

10/1-

Special Agent in Charge
New York, New York

Dear Sir:

There are being transmitted herewith copies of a letter dated August 4, 1940, directed to the Bureau by [REDACTED], New York, New York, and copies of my reply thereto.

It will be observed from [REDACTED] letter that he indicates that the Charles A. Lindbergh presently in the United States is an imposter, and he sets forth his reasons for making this statement, of which he is positive due to the fact that he has known Lindbergh over a period of years.

You are instructed to contact Confidential Informant Bob M. to ascertain the background and reliability of [REDACTED] whose letter indicates that he is [REDACTED]

BX

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Enclosures

NDW:BC

65-11449 -28

August 15, 1940

[Redacted]

New York, New York

B7C

Dear [Redacted]

I wish to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated August 4, 1940, and to express my appreciation for your thoughtfulness in transmitting this information to me.

You may be assured that the content of your communication has been noted and will receive appropriate consideration.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

- Tolson _____
- Clegg _____
- Foxworth _____
- Ladd _____
- Nathan _____
- E. A. Tamm _____
- Egan _____
- Glavin _____
- Nichols _____
- Hendon _____
- Rosen _____
- Tracy _____
- Gandy _____

MAILED
★ AUG 16 1940 ★
P. M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[Handwritten signature]

[REDACTED]
Temple, Texas.
8/7/40.

B7C

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover,
Director, F. B. I.,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I am enclosing herewith a paper clipping which gives the recent speech at Chicago, by one Col. Charles A. Lindbergh.

There is also an article by yourself which shows a 10-fold increase in FIFTH COLUMN activities during the past fiscal year ending June 30th.

Myself as well as many other people that I have talked with are of the opinion that the COLONIAL is mixed up with the fifth column business, as well as probably being a direct spy for one Adolph Hitler, or at least his speeches and actions of the past year or so would indicate such.

This is off the record, but I have been wondering if the FBI in conjunction with the Dies Committee could not PIN something onto this BIRD and wash him out of circulation.

Personally, I believe that he is one of the most, if not the most, dangerous characters in the United States, because with many people he enjoys a lot of freedom and confidence, on account of his flying record, that others do not.

The above and foregoing is my personal opinion, and I trust that it will be food for thought.

Sincerely yours,

[REDACTED]

B7C

RECORDED & INDEXED	65-11449
	FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
	AUG 10 1940
	U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
	FIVE

Cooperation With Germany If She Wins Urged By Lindbergh

Flier Says Opinion Of People Of Nation Definitely Against Involvement In War And Advocates Cooperation In Relations With Other Peoples Of Earth

CHICAGO, Aug. 4. (AP)—Col. Charles A. Lindbergh said today that in the future the United States "may have to deal with a Europe dominated by Germany" and advocated "cooperation" with Europe "in our relationships with the other peoples of the earth."

He told a mass meeting in Soldier field, sponsored by the "Citizens Keep America Out of War Committee," that:

"There are still interests in this country and abroad who will do their utmost to draw us into the war.

Against these interests we must be continuously on guard. But American opinion is now definitely and overwhelmingly against our involvement."

In his broadcast address, his third radio talk in connection with the European situation and its effect on this country, Col. Lindbergh emphasized:

"While I advocate the non-interference by America in the internal affairs of Europe, I believe it is of the utmost importance for us to cooperate with Europe in our relationships with the other peoples of the earth.

"It is only by cooperation that we can maintain the supremacy of our western civilization and the right of our commerce to proceed unmolested throughout the world. Neither they nor we are strong enough to police the earth against the opposition of the other.

"In the past we have dealt with a Europe dominated by England and France. In the future we may have to deal with a Europe dominated by Germany. But whether England or Germany wins this war, western civilization will still depend upon two great centers, one in each hemisphere.

"With all the aids of modern science, neither of these centers is in a position to attack the other successfully as long as the defenses of both are reasonably strong"

Remarking that he would be "among the last to advocate depending upon treaties for our national safety," he recommended that the nation "rearm fully for the defense of America and that we should never make the type of treaty that would lay us open to invasion if it were broken."

10-Fold Increase In Fifth Column Work Is Reported

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4. (AP)—Espionage complaints to the FBI increased 10-fold during the year ended June 30, Director J. Edgar Hoover reported today.

Summarizing the activities of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the 12 months, Hoover said that with the outbreak of war in Europe last September, work pertaining to national defense "increased materially." Reaching a peak of 2,871 complaints on a single day in May.

The FBI investigated 10,885 defense matters during the year, compared with 1,051 in the previous year and 250 in 1938. Prior to 1938, the average for five years was only 33.

By presidential proclamation, all law enforcement agencies were asked to refer to the FBI any information relating to espionage, counter-espionage, sabotage, subversive activities and violations of the neutrality laws. In addition, citizens have been invited to "refer to the FBI information coming into their possession which they believe bears upon the furtherance of our national defense."

Hoover said that there had been "a negligible amount of sabotage (in the United States) in the second world war in contrast to a similar period in the first world war," but gave no detailed account of current sabotage cases.

He reported that the FBI had surveyed 270 plants turning out defense materials and had made recommendations for their protection. Eventually, he said, it is hoped to study 12,000 manufacturing establishments for protective purposes.

The success of espionage and sabo-

65-11 449-29

RECORDED 65-11449-29
NDW:HG

August 16, 1940

[Redacted]

Temple, Texas

B7C

Dear [Redacted]

I wish to acknowledge receipt of your letter dated August 7, 1940, together with the enclosed newspaper clipping, and to express appreciation for the interest you have displayed.

You may be assured that the content of your communication has been noted and will receive appropriate attention.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

- Tolson _____
- Clegg _____
- Foxworth _____
- Ladd _____
- Nathan _____
- E. A. Tamm _____
- Egan _____
- Glavin _____
- Nichols _____
- Hendon _____
- Rosen _____
- Tracy _____
- Gandy _____

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
 MAILED
 ★ AUG 17 1940 ★
 P. M.
 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

AUG 17 8 15 AM '40
 2

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

At this time when subversive activities and
columnists are alliteting against democracy, it is to the
Federal Bureau of Investigation that a citizen of the
States turns for protection against those forces which
the principles of democracy on which his beloved country
founded.

I have followed the activities and speeches of
Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh and have been deeply
determined his relationship to and interest in the
government. I believe he is using the prestige
of his being in front of the public
to ignore his role as a citizen of the
country.